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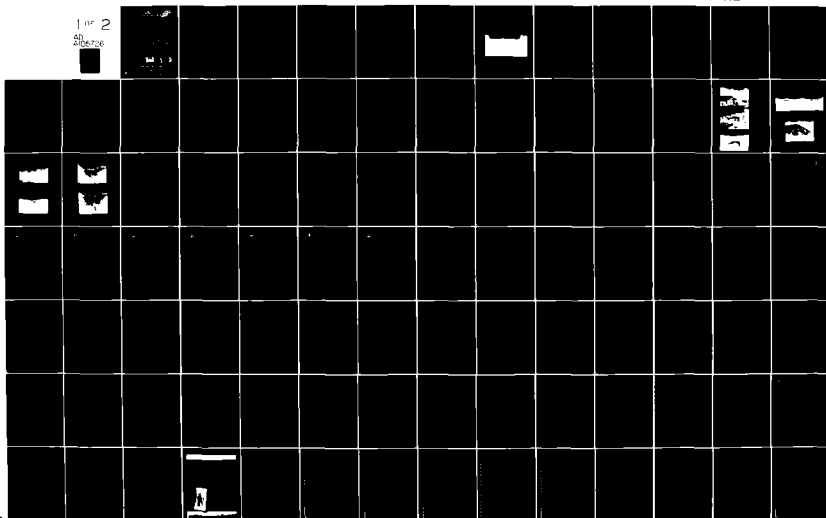
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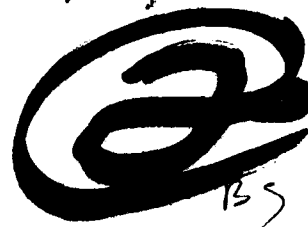
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A105726



LEVEL II
LAKE ONTARIO BASIN



AD A105726

ROUND POND CREEK DAM

NEW YORK

INVENTORY No. NY 710

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) This report provides information and analysis on the physical condition of the dam as of the report date. Information and analysis are based on visual inspection of the dam by the performing organization. The Phase I Inspection of the Round Pond Creek Dam did not indicate conditions which would constitute an immediate hazard to human life or property.		

The hydrologic/hydraulic analysis indicates that the spillway is capable of passing the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) with 1.8 feet of freeboard. Therefore, the spillway is assessed as adequate according to the Corps of Engineers' screening criteria.

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PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Preface	i
Assessment of General Conditions	ii
Overview Photograph	1-4
Section 1 - Project Information	5-6
Section 2 - Engineering Data	7-8
Section 3 - Visual Inspection	9
Section 4 - Operation and Maintenance Procedures	10-12
Section 5 - Hydrologic/Hydraulic	13-14
Section 6 - Structural Stability	15-16
Section 7 - Assessment/Remedial Measures	

APPENDIX

Photographs	A
Visual Inspection Checklist	B
Hydrologic/Hydraulic, Engineering Data and Computations	C
References	D
Previous Inspection Reports/Available Documents	E
Drawings:	F
Figure 1 - Location Map	
Figure 2 - Title Sheet - Contract Drawings	
Figure 3 - Plan View of Dam	
Figure 4 - Plan and Profile	
Figure 5 - Plan and Profile	
Figure 6 - Plan and Profile	
Figure 7 - Plan and Profile - Emergency Spillway	
Figure 8 - Emergency Spillway Details	
Figure 9 - Discharge Control Structure Plan and Sections	
Figure 10 - Discharge Control Structure Details	
Figure 11 - Discharge Control Structure Details	
Figure 12 - Channel Relocation Details	

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Name of Dam:	Round Pond Creek Dam I.D. No. NY 710
State Located:	New York
County:	Monroe
Watershed:	Lake Ontario Basin
Stream:	Round Pond Creek
Date of Inspection:	November 20, 1980

ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS

The Phase I Inspection of the Round Pond Creek Dam did not indicate conditions which would constitute an immediate hazard to human life or property.

The hydrologic/hydraulic analysis indicates that the spillway is capable of passing the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) with 1.8 feet of freeboard. Therefore, the spillway is assessed as adequate according to the Corps of Engineers' screening criteria.

The following remedial work should be undertaken within one year during normal maintenance operations:

1. Motor bike traffic should be restricted on the facility. The erosion due to this traffic should be repaired.
2. Provide bank protection for the drainage ditch at the toe of the downstream slope near the center of the dam.
3. Bank protection at the control outlet should be repaired. Steps should be taken to control vandalism at the site.
4. A flood warning and emergency evacuation system should be implemented to alert the public should conditions occur which could result in failure of the dam.
5. A formalized inspection system should be initiated to develop data on conditions and maintenance operations at the facility, including the slopes and the area immediately downstream from the toe of the embankment. Deficiencies and the remedial measures undertaken to correct these deficiencies should be well documented to provide historical background on which future evaluations may be made.

Dale Engineering Company


John B. Stetson, President

Approved By:
Date:


Col. W. M. Smith, Jr.
New York District Engineer

30 JUN 1981



1. Overview of the embankment. Outlet control in foreground. Emergency spillway in background. Impoundment to the left.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
ROUND POND CREEK DAM I.D. NO NY 710
LAKE ONTARIO BASIN
MONROE COUNTY, NEW YORK

SECTION 1: PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

a. Authority

Authority for this report is provided by the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367 of 1972. It has been prepared in accordance with a contract for professional services between Dale Engineering Company and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

b. Purpose of Inspection

The purpose of this inspection is to evaluate the existing condition of the Round Pond Creek Dam and appurtenant structures, owned by the Town of Greece, New York, and to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property and to transmit findings to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

This Phase I inspection report does not relieve an Owner or Operator of a dam of the legal duties, obligations or liabilities associated with the ownership or operation of the dam. In addition, due to the limited scope of services for these Phase I investigations, the investigators had to rely upon the data furnished to them. Therefore, this investigation is limited to visual inspection, review of data prepared by others, and simplified hydrologic, hydraulic and structural stability evaluations where appropriate. The investigators do not assume responsibility for defects or deficiencies in the dam or in the data provided.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances

The Round Pond Creek Dam is located in the Town of Greece, New York, just south of Straub Road and east of the Hamlet of South Greece. The dam is an earth-fill structure approximately 2,765 feet long with a maximum height of 20 feet. The structure has an irregular alignment to conform to the topography of the area. The discharge control structure for this stormwater detention facility consists of a 48 inch diameter concrete pipe with a 48 inch square sluice gate which is used to regulate the outflow from the impoundment during run-off events. This regulating structure is located near the northerly end of the facility. The emergency spillway is located at the extreme northerly end of the dam and consists of a broad crested weir 218 feet long with a concrete section forming the downstream slope of the spillway. A 13 foot wide apron with energy dissipator blocks is situated at the toe of the concrete spillway. The transition from the concrete apron to the grassed spillway channel is protected by a 2 foot thick mass of protective stone to prevent scour at the end of the apron. Concrete wingwalls at each end of the spillway protect the embankment from erosion during spillway discharge.

b. Location

The Round Pond Creek Dam is located in the Town of Greece, Monroe County, New York.

c. Size Classification

The maximum height of the dam is approximately 20 feet. The volume of the impoundment is approximately 1,100 acre feet to the top of dam. Therefore, the dam is in the intermediate size classification as defined by the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams.

d. Hazard Classification

Round Pond Creek, the receiving stream from the impoundment, flows through a heavily developed residential section of the Town of Greece. Several residences are located in close proximity to the structure. Therefore, the dam is in the high hazard category as defined by the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams.

e. Ownership

The dam is owned by the Town of Greece, New York.

Contact: James S. Peet, P.E.
Town Engineer
Greece Town Hall
2505 West Ridge Road
Rochester, New York 14626
Telephone: (716) 225-2000

f. Purpose of the Dam

The dam is used as a storm water retention facility to control flows in Round Pond Creek downstream from the facility. 7 8

g. Design and Construction History

The plans included in this report indicate that the dam was designed in 1976 with construction completed in 1977. The dam, as it presently exists, substantially conforms to the plans. No modifications have been made to the facility since its construction.

h. Normal Operational Procedures

The facility is operated by the Town of Greece. Flow is maintained through the outlet control structure during dry weather flow. The facility is monitored twice weekly during these periods. During runoff events, the sluice gate controlling the outlet flow is manipulated to maintain optimum flow in the receiving stream downstream from the facility. During these runoff events, the facility is monitored every 2 hours or more often if required. Adjustments to the outlet flow are made on an around-the-clock basis until the runoff event is terminated and the impoundment is drained.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

a. Drainage Area

The drainage area of Round Pond Creek Dam is 7.02 square miles (4,493 acres).

b. Discharge at Dam Site

Maximum recorded reservoir elevation is 457.2. Associated discharge unknown.

Computed Discharges:

Emergency Spillway, top of dam	7,190 cfs
* Gated Drawdown	275 cfs

c. Elevation (feet above MSL)

Top of Dam	463.5
Spillway Crest	458.0
Stream Bed at Centerline of Dam	443.8
Invert of 48 inch Diameter Pipe	443.8

d. Reservoir

Length of Spillway Pool	3,000 ft.
Length of Normal Pool	Normally dry

e. Storage

Top of Dam	1,100 acre feet
Spillway Crest	460 acre feet

f. Reservoir Area

Top of Dam	148 acres
Spillway Crest	100 acres

g. Dam

Type - Homogeneous earth fill.

Length - 2,765

Height - 20+ feet

Freeboard Between Emergency Spillway and Top of Dam - 5.5 feet

Top Width - 12 feet

Side Slopes - 3 horizontal:1 vertical, upstream and downstream

Zoning - None

Impervious Core - None

Grout Curtain - None

* Discharge through 48 inch diameter pipe, with reservoir at spillway crest.

h. Emergency Spillway

Type - Broad crested weir

Length - 218 feet

Crest Elevation - 458

Gates - None

U/S Channel - Impoundment

D/S Channel - 1 vertical:2 horizontal, concrete, sloped to sod channel
(see plans)

i. Regulating Outlets

Flow is regulated through a 48 inch concrete outlet pipe with 48 inch square sluice gate.

SECTION 2: ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 GEOTECHNICAL DATA

a. Geology

Geologically, Round Pond Creek Dam is located in the Eastern Lake section of the Central Lowland Province which is part of the Interior Plains, the major physiographic division. The dam is sited on glacial debris which overlies the Grimsby Sandstone of Lower Silurian age. The Grimsby is made up mostly of thick-bedded red siltstones. Thin-bedded argillaceous shales are also present. Bedrock is probably within 15 feet of the surface. Bedding is horizontal. The glacial debris was located at the then southern boundary of glacial Lake Iroquois. The debris appears to be mainly of a glacial lake beach which consists of silt, sand and gravel layers, and lenses with little or no fines. Silty sands are most common. A zone or layer of glacial till may be present between the bedrock below and the beach deposits above. It may on occasion appear on the surface depending on the irregularity of its thickness and may represent a covered ground moraine.

Several soil varieties are present in the vicinity of the dam and are generally considered to be poorly suited to unsuited for use of excavated impoundments. Permeability varies from moderately rapid to rapid, from 0.63 to more than 6.3 inches per hour, depending on the soil type.

b. Subsurface Investigations

Detailed subsurface investigations were conducted prior to the design of the facility. The records of these subsurface investigations are included in Appendix E.

2.2 DESIGN RECORDS

The preliminary engineering report and design computations for the construction for the design of this facility are included in Appendix E.

2.3 CONSTRUCTION RECORDS

Although the records kept during construction were not available for review, the design engineer's certification of construction indicates that the facility was constructed under his inspection and that of his soils consultant. A letter summarizing the construction of the facility is included in Appendix E.

2.4 OPERATION RECORDS

The facility is monitored twice weekly during dry weather periods. An inspection check list (See Appendix E) is filled out during each inspection trip. The check list covers security measures at the site and documents the position of the control gate. During runoff events, the facility is monitored every 2 hours or more often if required. Elevations of the water in the impoundment are recorded on a storage curve during each visit. Control gate positions are also documented. Control gates are adjusted to maintain optimum flow in the downstream channel.

2.5 EVALUATION OF DATA

The data presented in this report was obtained from the Town Engineer of the Town of Greece and from the files of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Dam Safety Section. The information appears to be reliable and adequate for a Phase I Inspection Report.

SECTION 3: VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

a. General

The Round Pond Creek Dam was inspected on November 20, 1980. The Dale Engineering Company Inspection Team was accompanied on the inspection by James S. Peet, P.E., Town Engineer of the Town of Greece. At the time of the inspection, a light snow cover partially obscured the ground surface in the area. The weather was fair and sunny and temperature was in the mid 30's. At the time of the inspection, there was no water in the impoundment. The control gate at the outlet structure was open approximately 1-1/2 feet. The flow through the outlet structure was not restricted by the control gate.

b. Dam

The embankment of the facility shows no signs of subsidence, misalignment, or sloughing of the slopes. Since the facility is a storm detention basin and no water was impounded at the time of the inspection, there was no evidence in the field of seepage at the toe or on the downstream slope of the embankment. Minor erosion on the slopes of the embankment was detected and is attributed to motor bike traffic on the facility. A drainage ditch at the toe of the downstream slope which carries local drainage to the outlet channel appears to be susceptible to erosion if substantial flow were to occur in this ditch. The steep sloped sides of the ditch were unprotected near the top. However, no serious erosion was evident at this time.

c. Control Outlet

The outlet control structure was in good condition and the control gate was in operating condition and well maintained. Riprap slope protection at the outlet of the control structure has been displaced by vandals.

d. Emergency Spillway

Concrete surfaces of the emergency spillway were in good condition, typical of new construction. The emergency spillway channel downstream from the emergency spillway has a well-established sod cover.

e. Reservoir Area

The reservoir area at the spillway crest elevation extends approximately 3,000 feet upstream from the dam structure. The area in the impoundment remains in a natural state with light woods and brush prevailing throughout the area. Slopes at the edge of the impoundment at the maximum pool elevation are gently sloping and no erosion was noted in the reservoir area.

f. Downstream Channel

The channel downstream from the control outlet is formed in sand and gravel. There was no evidence in the field of recent erosion along the channel. Some displacement of protective riprap at the outlet was evident. This displacement is attributed to vandalism at the site.

3.2 EVALUATION

→The visual inspection revealed that the dam is generally in good condition with only minor erosion due to motor bike traffic on the embankment. Both the control outlet and the emergency spillway are in good condition and no signs of structural instability were detected.

The following specific items should be addressed by the Owner:

1. Continual surveillance should be maintained on the drainage ditch at the toe of the downstream slope near the center of the embankment to detect any erosion which could occur from high flows in this channel, *and*
2. Riprap slope protection at the downstream end of the control outlet should be replaced.

SECTION 4: OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURES

The normal operating procedure for this facility is to control the flow in the downstream channel of Round Pond Creek to prevent flooding of residential properties during rainfall runoff events. During dry weather the sluice gate at the control outlet is maintained in a position which will allow unrestricted flow through the facility. The position of the gate at the time of the inspection provided an opening of approximately 1-1/2 feet. During rainfall events, the gate in this position would begin to impede flow and thereby raise the water level in the impoundment. As runoff continues, the facility is monitored every 2 hours or more often if necessary, depending on the extent of the runoff, and the gate adjusted to maintain optimum flow in the downstream channel. Around-the-clock surveillance is maintained during runoff events.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF THE DAM

Maintenance and operation of the dam is controlled by the Town of Greece. Periodic visits are made to the site to check on the conditions of the facilities. An inspection checklist is completed based on the findings of the monitoring visit.

4.3 MAINTENANCE OF OPERATING FACILITY

The gate controlling the outlet from the impoundment is in good condition and properly maintained.

4.4 DESCRIPTION OF WARNING SYSTEM

No warning system is in effect at present.

4.5 EVALUATION

The dam and appurtenances are regularly inspected by representatives of the Town of Greece. The facility is presently in good condition. There is no evidence of deterioration caused by lack of maintenance. Since the dam is in the high hazard classification, a warning system should be implemented to alert the public should conditions occur which could result in failure of the dam.

SECTION 5: HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC

5.1 DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS

The Round Pond Creek Dam is a flood control structure located in the southern portion of the Town of Greece, some 3,200 feet north of the Erie Canal. The dam has a drainage area of 7.02 square miles of which 5.74 square miles lies south of the canal. The drainage area is a moderately sloped basin consisting of agricultural and wooded areas, interspersed with suburban developments. The reservoir has a surface area of approximately 100 acres at the spillway crest. However, due to the operation of the structure as a flood control facility, the reservoir area is normally dry.

Flow from the portion of the drainage area south of the canal is conveyed underneath the canal through three separate conduits. Due to the limited discharge capacity of these conduits and the barrier created by the canal, flow from the southern drainage area is restricted under high flow conditions.

5.2 ANALYSIS CRITERIA

The purpose of this investigation is to evaluate the dam and spillway with respect to their flood control potential and adequacy. This has been assessed through the evaluation of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) for the watershed and the subsequent routing of the flood through the reservoir and the dam's spillway system. The PMF event is that hypothetical flow induced by the most critical combination of precipitation, minimum infiltration loss and concentration of run-off of a specific location that is considered reasonably possible for a particular drainage area.

The hydrologic analysis was performed using the unit hydrograph method to develop the flood hydrograph. Due to the limited scope of this Phase I investigation, certain assumptions, based on experience and existing data were used in this analysis and in the determination of the dam's spillway capacity to pass the PMF. In the event that the dam could not pass 1/2 the Probable Maximum Flood without overtopping, additional analyses are to be performed on potential dam failures if the dam is designated as a High Hazard Classification. This process was done with the concept that if the dam was unable to satisfy this criteria, further refined hydrologic investigations would be required.

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' Hydrologic Engineering Center's Computer Program HEC-1 DB using the Modified Puls Method of flood routing was used to evaluate the dam, spillway capacity, and downstream hazard.

Unit hydrographs were defined by Snyder coefficients, C_t and C_p . Snyder's C_t was estimated to vary from 1.25 to 1.75 for the drainage area and C_p was estimated to be 0.625. The drainage area was divided into sub-areas to model the variability in hydrologic characteristics within the drainage basin and the effect of the barrier created by

the canal. Run-off, routing and flood hydrograph combining was then performed to obtain the flow into the reservoir. In this analysis, the reservoir pool was assumed to be at the spillway crest elevation at the start of the storm and outflow through the low level outlet was assumed to be zero. Flood water overtopping the canal embankment was assumed to be controlled within the canal system and, therefore, extracted from this analysis model.

The Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP) was 21.6 inches according to Hydrometeorological Report (HMR #33) for a 24-hour duration storm, 200 square mile basin, while loss rates were set at 1.0 inches initial abstraction and 0.1 inches/hour continuous loss rate. The loss rate function yielded 86 percent run-off from the PMF. The peak for the PMF inflow hydrograph was 4,172 cfs and the 1/2 PMF inflow peak was 2,285 cfs. The storage capacity of the reservoir above the spillway reduced these peak flows to 3,692 cfs for the PMF and 2,005 cfs for the 1/2 PMF flow.

5.3 SPILLWAY CAPACITY

The spillway is a trapezoidally shaped weir structure 218 feet in length. A weir coefficient of 2.95 was assigned for the spillway rating curve development. The discharge capacity of the spillway at the top of dam elevation is 7,190 cfs.

SPILLWAY CAPACITY

<u>Flood</u>	<u>Peak Discharge</u>	<u>Capacity as % of Flood Discharge</u>
PMF	3,692 cfs	195%
1/2 PMF	2,005 cfs	359%

5.4 RESERVOIR CAPACITY

The reservoir storage capacity was obtained from "Preliminary Engineering Report - Round Pond Watershed, Retention Basin Number One (Ref. 20) and USGS mapping. The resulting estimates of the reservoir storage capacity are shown below:

Top of Dam	1,100 Acre Feet
Emergency Spillway Crest	460 Acre Feet

5.5 FLOODS OF RECORD

The maximum recorded reservoir elevation was 457.2 and occurred on March 24, 1978. The discharge associated with this reservoir elevation is unknown.

5.6 OVERTOPPING POTENTIAL

The HEC-1 DB analysis indicates that the spillway can pass the PMF with 1.8 feet of freeboard and the 1/2 PMF with 2.9 feet of freeboard.

5.7 EVALUATION

The hydrologic/hydraulic analysis indicates that the spillway is capable of passing the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) with 1.8 feet of freeboard. Therefore, the spillway is assessed as adequate according to the Corps of Engineers' screening criteria.

SECTION 6: STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

a. Visual Observations

The Round Pond Creek Dam is a flood retention facility consisting of an earthen embankment and a concrete emergency spillway section. The emergency spillway section comprises the westerly most section of the dam and ties into the earthen abutment. The earthen embankment portion of the dam extends from the right side of the emergency spillway section some 2,550 feet in a southeasterly direction to the right abutment where it ties into natural ground. The slopes of the earthen embankment are grassed and an access road runs along the entire crest of the embankment. Concrete training walls extend just downstream of the spillway and an earthen berm extends from the training wall downstream, forming the left bank of the emergency spillway channel. A concrete apron spanning the width of the emergency spillway channel between the training walls extends from the toe of the spillway to about 12 to 15 feet downstream. Two offset rows of concrete block energy dissipators run the width of the apron.

The embankment is well maintained, adequately mowed, and void of any brush or tree growth. The slopes are generally uniform with no evidence of structural movement or cracking. The concrete emergency spillway appears to be in good condition with only minor surface cracking apparent. The inlet and outlet structure for the discharge control structure (low level outlet) were in good condition. Some of the heavy stone fill around the inlet and outlet headwalls have been displaced by vandals.

The crest and some areas of the slope of the embankment have been subjected to motor bike travel. This has led to some localized surface erosion of the slopes. A drainage ditch is located at the downstream toe of the slope along a southeasterly portion of the embankment. The bank protection along this portion of the embankment mainly consists of gravel and cobble sized stone, therefore, the embankment could be subject to erosion under substantial flow. However, no erosion of this area was evident at the time of inspection.

b. Design and Construction Data

No information regarding the slope stability of the structure was located. Drawings included in Appendix F substantially conform to the present facility. The drawings indicate the embankment was specified to be a homogeneous earth fill dam constructed of earth, compacted to 90% of modified proctor maximum density. The embankment crest was specified as 12 feet wide and the side slopes as 3:1 (horizontal to vertical), both upstream and downstream. The emergency spillway is 218 feet wide with concrete training walls extending from the spillway to the top of the dam.

Construction drawings for the project are dated April 1976 and available correspondence indicates the project was completed in 1977.

c. Operating Records

The only formal operating records pertain to pool elevations, gate openings of the low level outlet, and security measures.

d. Post Construction Changes

There is no field evidence or available information indicating post construction changes to the facility.

e. Seismic Stability

No known faults or lineaments suggesting faults are present in the immediate area. The area is located within Zone 2 of the Seismic Probability Map but is only 22 miles northeast of an active Zone 3 which has had earthquakes with intensities as great as VIII on the Modified Mercalli Scale. Only a few earthquakes have been recorded in the vicinity of the reservoir and are tabulated below:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Intensity Modified Mercalli</u>	<u>Location Relative to Dam</u>
1931	I	7 miles ENE
1931	II	7 miles ENE
1944	II	6 miles SE
1977	IV	18 miles SE

6.2 STRUCTURAL STABILITY ANALYSIS

The earthen embankment appeared to be generally uniform in section with no signs of structure instability in evidence. Some of the heavy stone fill around the low level outlet headwall has been displaced, leaving this area susceptible to erosion. Therefore, this erosion protection feature should be repaired.

The entire embankment, as well as areas beyond the toe of the slope, should be regularly inspected as a part of a formalized inspection program to detect deficiencies. Any deficiencies and the remedial measures undertaken to correct these deficiencies should be well documented to provide historical background on which future evaluations may be based.

SECTION 7: ASSESSMENT/REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT

a. Safety

The Phase I Inspection of the Round Pond Creek Dam did not indicate conditions which would constitute an immediate hazard to human life or property.

The hydrologic/hydraulic analysis indicates that the spillway will pass 195% of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Therefore, the spillway is assessed as adequate.

The visual inspection did not reveal conditions which would indicate evidence of structural displacement or instability.

The following specific safety assessments are based on the Phase I visual examination and analysis of hydrology and hydraulics, and structural stability:

1. Minor surface erosion due to motor bike traffic was detected on the crest and on the slopes of the embankment.
2. The slopes of a drainage ditch at the toe of the downstream embankment near the center of the dam is susceptible to erosion during high flows in the channel because of the lack of slope protection.
3. Bank protection at the downstream end of the control outlet has been displaced by vandals.
4. No warning system is presently in effect to alert the public should conditions occur which could result in failure of the dam.
5. Although the facility is inspected regularly, the inspection program does not include a formalized inspection of the entire embankment and areas beyond the toe of slope.

b. Adequacy of Information

The information available is adequate for this Phase I investigation.

c. Urgency

Items 1 through 5 of the safety assessment should be addressed by the Owner and appropriate actions taken within one year of this notification.

d. Need for Additional Investigation

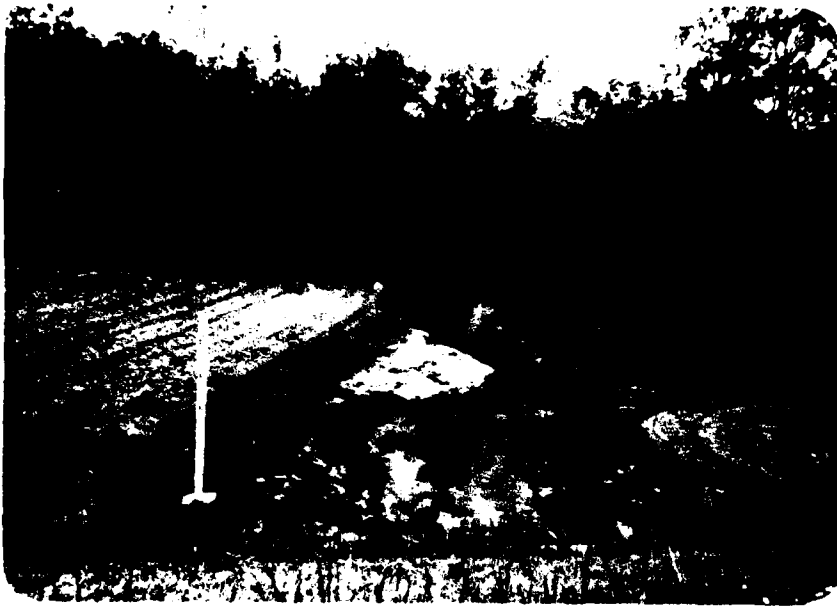
This Phase I inspection has not revealed the need for additional investigations regarding this structure.

7.2 RECOMMENDED MEASURES

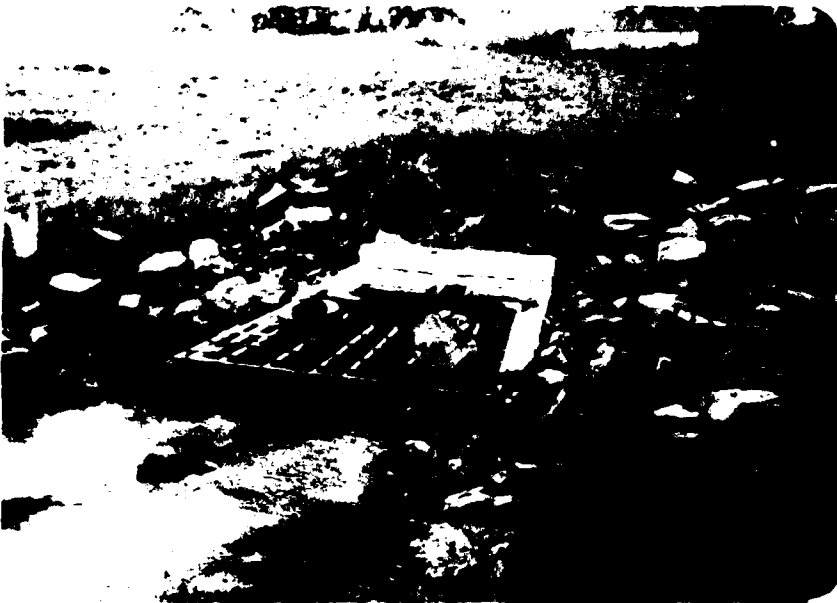
The following is a list of recommended measures to be undertaken to insure safety of the facility:

1. Motor bike traffic should be restricted on the facility. The erosion due to this traffic should be repaired.
2. Provide bank protection for the drainage ditch at the toe of the downstream slope near the center of the dam.
3. Bank protection at the control outlet should be repaired. Steps should be taken to control vandalism at the site.
4. A flood warning and emergency evacuation system should be implemented to alert the public should conditions occur which could result in failure of the dam.
5. A formalized inspection system should be initiated to develop data on conditions and maintenance operations at the facility, including the slopes and the area immediately downstream from the toe of the embankment. Deficiencies and the remedial measures undertaken to correct these deficiencies should be well documented to provide historical background on which future evaluations may be made.

APPENDIX A
PHOTOGRAPHS



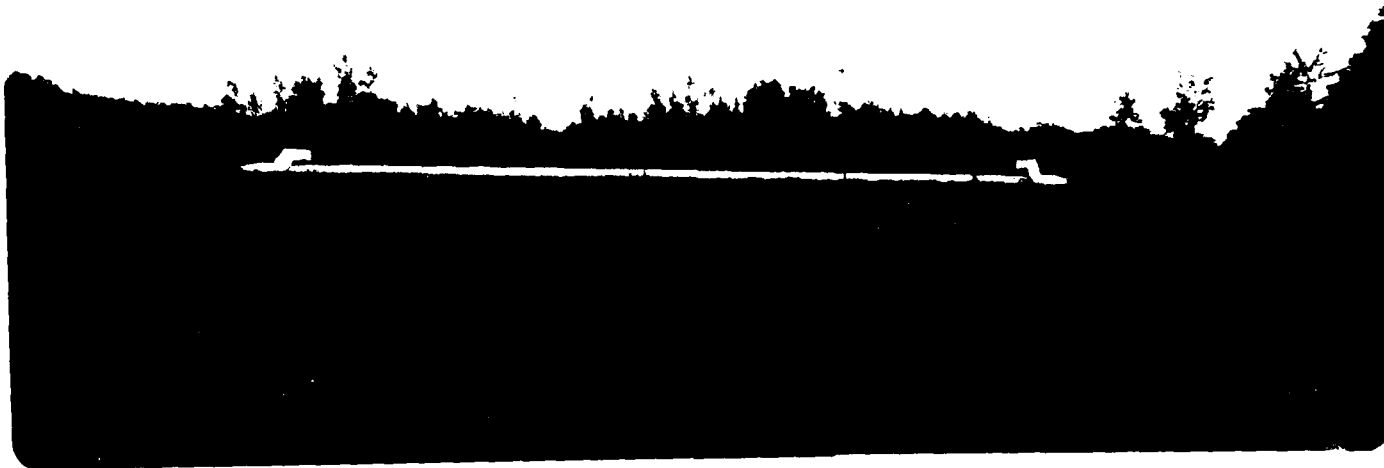
2. Inlet stream to control outlet. Note staff gage to left of stream.



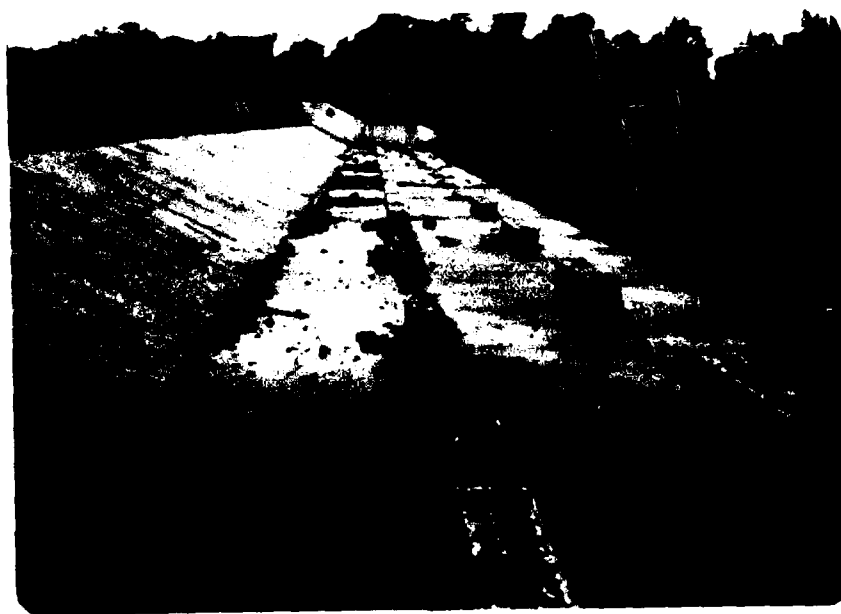
3. Trash rack at inlet to control outlet.



4. Outlet of the control outlet. Note displacement of rip-rap around top of headwall.



5. Emergency spillway as viewed from downstream.



6. Closeup of emergency spillway.



7. Channel downstream of emergency spillway.



8. View along embankment crest.



9. External drainage ditch. Note steep slopes susceptible to erosion.



10. Closeup of external drainage ditch.
Note cobble stone bank protection.

APPENDIX B

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST1) Basic Data

a. General

Name of Dam ROUND POND CREEK DAMFed. I.D. # NY - 710 DEC Dam No. _____River Basin LAKE ONTARIOLocation: Town GREECE County MONROEStream Name ROUND POND CREEKTributary of ROUND PONDLatitude (N) 44 - 11.6 Longitude (W) 77 - 42.7Type of Dam EARTHHazard Category HIGHDate(s) of Inspection NOV. 20, 1980Weather Conditions FAIR (LIGHT SNOW COVER)Reservoir Level at Time of Inspection NO WATER IMPOUNDED AT
TIME OF INSPECTIONb. Inspection Personnel F.W. BYSZEWSKI, B. COLWELL, J.A. GOMEZH. MUSKATT - DALE ENGINEERING COMPANY JAMES PEET TOWN
ENGINEER TOWN OF GREECE

c. Persons Contacted (Including Address & Phone No.) _____

JAMES PEET PE TOWN ENGINEERGREECE TOWN HALL TELEPHONE 716-225-20002505 W. RIDGE RD.ROCHESTER, N.Y. 14626

d. History:

Date Constructed 1977 Date(s) Reconstructed _____Designer WILLIAM C. LARSEN P.E.

Constructed By _____

Owner TOWN OF GREECE

93-15-3(9/80)

2) Embankment

a. Characteristics

- (1) Embankment Material HOMOGENEOUS EARTH, SILTY SANDS
- (2) Cutoff Type NONE
- (3) Impervious Core NONE
- (4) Internal Drainage System NONE
- (5) Miscellaneous —————

b. Crest

- (1) Vertical Alignment NO MISALIGNMENT OBSERVED
- (2) Horizontal Alignment NO MISALIGNMENT OBSERVED
- (3) Surface Cracks NONE OBSERVED (LIGHT SNOW COVER AT TIME OF INSPECTION)
- (4) Miscellaneous N/A

c. Upstream Slope

- (1) Slope (Estimate) (V:H) 1 : 3
- (2) Undesirable Growth or Debris, Animal Burrows NONE OBSERVED
- (3) Sloughing, Subsidence or Depressions NONE OBSERVED

93-15-3(9/80)

(4) Slope Protection WELL ESTABLISHED SOD
IMPOUNDMENT IS NORMALLY DRY

(5) Surface Cracks or Movement at Toe NONE OBSERVED

d. Downstream Slope

(1) Slope (Estimate - V:H) 1 : 3

(2) Undesirable Growth or Debris, Animal Burrows NONE OBSERVED

(3) Sloughing, Subsidence or Depressions NONE OBSERVED

(4) Surface Cracks or Movement at Toe NONE OBSERVED
(LIGHT SNOW COVER AT TIME OF INSPECTION)

(5) Seepage NONE OBSERVED NO WATER WAS
IMPOUNDED AT TIME OF INSPECTION.

(6) External Drainage System (Ditches, Trenches; Blanket) DITCH AT
TOE OF SLOPE SHOWS MINOR EROSION NEAR CURVE
IN DAM ALIGNMENT.

(7) Condition Around Outlet Structure DISPLACEMENT OF BP
RAP PROTECTION BY VANDALS

(8) Seepage Beyond Toe NONE OBSERVED - NO WATER
IMPOUNDED AT TIME OF INSPECTION

e. Abutments - Embankment Contact

GOOD CONDITION NO PROBLEMS OBSERVED

93-15-3(9/80)

(1) Erosion at Contact NONE OBSERVED

(2) Seepage Along Contact NONE OBSERVED - NO
WATER IMPOUNDED AT TIME OF INSPECTION

3) Drainage System

a. Description of System NONE

b. Condition of System N/A

c. Discharge from Drainage System N/A

4) Instrumentation (Monumentation/Surveys, Observation Wells, Weirs,
Piezometers, Etc.) NONE

93-15-3(9/80)

5) Reservoir

- a. Slopes FLAT SLOPES AT THE IMPOUNDMENT LIMITS.
NO WATER IMPOUNDED AT TIME OF INSPECTION
- b. Sedimentation NONE OBSERVED
- c. Unusual Conditions Which Affect Dam NONE OBSERVED

6) Area Downstream of Dam

- a. Downstream Hazard (No. of Homes, Highways, etc.) FACILITY IS SITUATED
IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM OF A HEAVILY DEVELOPED RESIDENTIAL
SUBDIVISION
- b. Seepage, Unusual Growth NONE OBSERVED
- c. Evidence of Movement Beyond Toe of Dam NONE OBSERVED
- d. Condition of Downstream Channel NO RECENT EROSION OBSERVED.
CHANNEL IS RESTRICTED BY ROADWAY CULVERTS FURTHER
DOWNSTREAM FROM THE FACILITY

7) Spillway(s) (Including Discharge Conveyance Channel)

SERVICE SPILLWAY FOR DRY WEATHER FLOW IN GOOD CONDITION
RECENTLY CONSTRUCTED (1977). NO PROBLEMS OBSERVED.

- a. General ^{SERVICE} SPILLWAY CONSISTS OF 48" CONCRETE PIPE
WITH 48x48 SLUICE GATE TO CONTROL OUTLET FLOW.
- b. Condition of Service Spillway EXCELLENT - RECENTLY CONSTRUCTED
(1977)

93-15-3(9/80)

- c. Condition of Auxiliary Spillway EXCELLENT. NO FLOW HAS OCCURRED
THROUGH THE AUXILIARY SPILLWAY SINCE IT'S CONSTRUCTION

- d. Condition of Discharge Conveyance Channel GOOD CONDITION -
NEVER USED NO OBSTRUCTIONS.

8) Reservoir Drain/Outlet

Type: Pipe ☒ Conduit _____ Other _____

Material: Concrete 48" Metal _____ Other _____

Size: 48" Length 37+55 = 92 ft.

Invert Elevations: Entrance 443.98 Exit 443.50

Physical Condition (Describe): _____ Unobservable _____

Material: NO SPALLING OR OTHER DEFECTS NOTED.

Joints: GOOD Alignment NO MISALIGNMENT.

Structural Integrity: NO EVIDENCE OF STRUCTURAL

INSTABILITY NOTED.

Hydraulic Capability: 48" INLET CONTROL SEE

HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS.

Means of Control: Gate 48" x 48" Valve _____ Uncontrolled _____

Operation: Operable ☒ Inoperable _____ Other _____

Present Condition (Describe): EXCELLENT - WELL MAINTAINED

IN GOOD OPERATING CONDITION.

93-15-3(9/80)

9) Structural

- a. Concrete Surfaces NO PROBLEMS NOTED - NO SPALLING
OR OTHER DEFECTS (OUTLET STRUCTURE : AUXILIARY
SPILLWAY)
- b. Structural Cracking NONE OBSERVED
- c. Movement - Horizontal & Vertical Alignment (Settlement) NONE
OBSERVED.
- d. Junctions with Abutments or Embankments GOOD CONDITION - NO
PROBLEMS NOTED (AUXILIARY SPILLWAY)
- e. Drains - Foundation, Joint, Face NONE.
- f. Water Passages, Conduits, Sluices N/A
- g. Seepage or Leakage N/A

- h. Joints - Construction, etc. N/A
- i. Foundation N/A
- j. Abutments N/A
- k. Control Gates N/A
- l. Approach & Outlet Channels SEE PHOTOS NO PROBLEMS.
- m. Energy Dissipators (Plunge Pool, etc.) GOOD CONDITION
- n. Intake Structures TRASH RAKE CLEAR - NO PROBLEMS.
- o. Stability —————
- p. Miscellaneous —————

10) Appurtenant Structures (Power House, Lock, Gatehouse, Other)

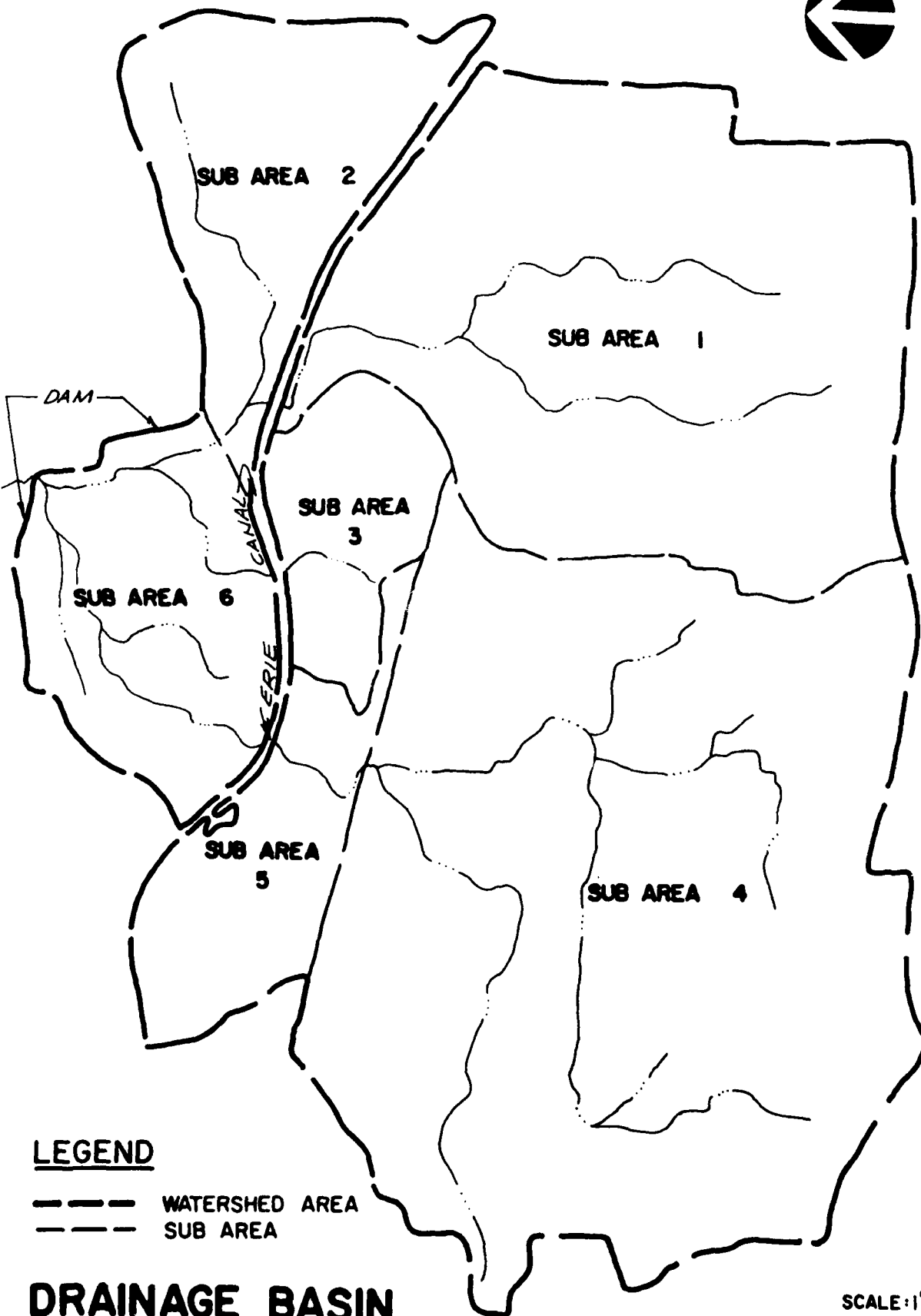
a. Description and Condition NONE

11) Operation Procedures (Lake Level Regulation):

THE FACILITY IS MONITORED TWICE WEEKLY DURING DRY WEATHER. DURING RAINFALL EVENTS THE FACILITY IS MONITORED EVERY TWO HOURS OR MORE OFTEN IF REQUIRED. OUTLET GATES ARE ADJUSTED TO MAINTAIN OPTIMUM FLOW IN DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL.

APPENDIX C

HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC, ENGINEERING DATA AND COMPUTATIONS



LEGEND

- WATERSHED AREA
- SUB AREA

DRAINAGE BASIN

SCALE: 1" = 2000'

**STETSON • DALE**BANKERS TRUST BUILDING
UTICA • NEW YORK • 13501
TEL 315-797-5800**DESIGN BRIEF**

PROJECT NAME N.Y.S. Dam Inspections - 1981 DATE 1-26-81
SUBJECT Round Pond Creek PROJECT NO 2520
Subarea Hydrologic Parameters DRAWN BY _____

<u>Subarea</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>C_t</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>L_{CA}</u>	<u>$t_t = C_t (L \times L_{CA})^{0.3}$</u>
1	1.931 mi ²	1.75	2.25 mi	1.35 mi	2.45 hr.
2	0.659	1.75	1.4	0.85	1.85
3	0.321	1.5	0.55	0.2	1.55
4	3.042	1.75	2.7	1.15	2.45
5	0.445	1.75	0.85	0.35	1.20
6	0.621	1.25	1.1	0.7	1.15
<u>$\Sigma = 7.019 \text{ mi}^2$</u>					

**STETSON • DALE**BANKERS TRUST BUILDING
UTICA • NEW YORK • 13501
TEL 315-797-5800**DESIGN BRIEF**

PROJECT NAME N.Y.S. Dam Inspections 1981 DATE 12-19-80
SUBJECT Round Pond Creek ID# 710 PROJECT NO. 2520
Depth-Area-Duration DRAWN BY JAG

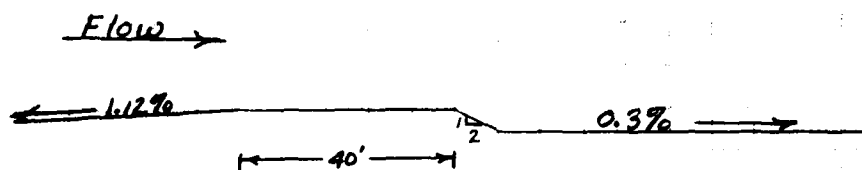
PMP FROM HMR # 33
FOR Lat. ~ $43^{\circ}12'$ Long. ~ $77^{\circ}43'$
Index Rainfall = 21.6" FOR 200 mi², 24 hr
Zone 2

<u>Duration</u>	<u>% Index*</u>	<u>Depth</u>
6 hrs.	117	25.3"
12 hrs.	127	27.4
24 hrs	141	30.5
48 hrs	151	32.6

* Adjusted for site area, DRAINAGE AREA = 702 mi²
(which is less than the lower limit of the
areal adjustment graph, 10 mi², therefore these
values were adjusted for this lower
limit).

**STETSON • DALE**BANKERS TRUST BUILDING
UTICA • NEW YORK • 13501
TEL 315-797-5800**DESIGN BRIEF**

PROJECT NAME N.Y.S. Dam Inspections 1981 DATE 1-21-81
SUBJECT Round Pond Creek Dam PROJECT NO. 2520
Spillway Rating DRAWN BY JAG



Cross Section Through Emergency Spillway

Trapezoidal Spillway
Crest @ Elevation 458

Length = 218'

$Q = C L H^{3/2}$

For a trapezoidal spillway with
vertical sideslopes
 $C \sim 2.95$

<u>Elev.</u>	<u>H</u>	<u>Q</u>
458	0	0
458.5	0.5'	227 cfs
459	1	643
459.5	1.5	1181
460	2	1819
460.5	2.5	2542
461	3	3342
461.5	3.5	4211
462	4	5145
462.5	4.5	6139
463	5	7190

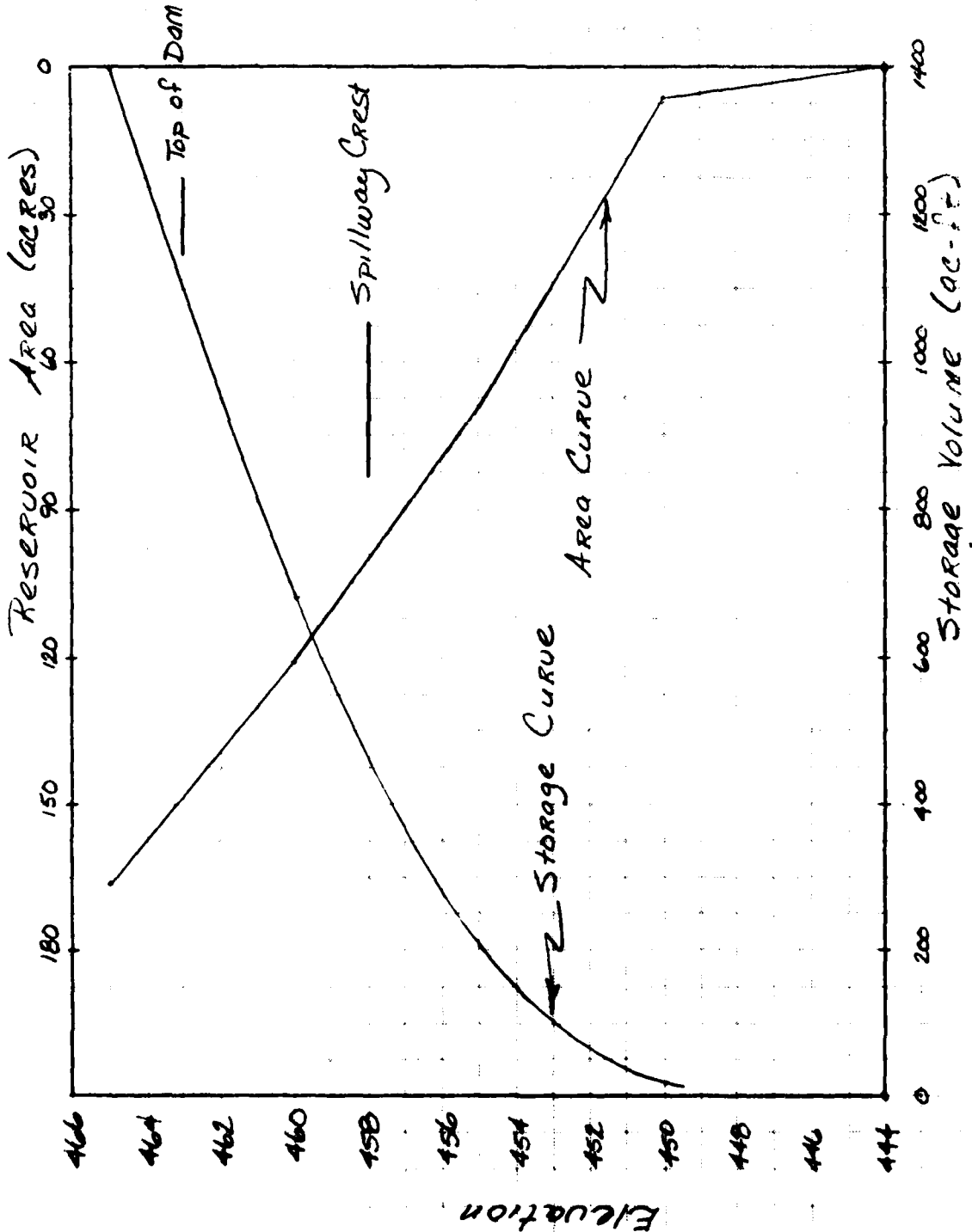


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DESIGN BRIEF

PROJECT NAME N.Y.S. Dam Inspections DATE 1-28-81
SUBJECT Round Pond Dam PROJECT NO. 2520
Area Capacity Curve DRAWN BY _____



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PROJECT NAME N.Y.S. Dam Inspections -1981 DATE _____
SUBJECT Round Pond Creek PROJECT NO. 2520
Rating Curves for Upland Control Structures DRAWN BY _____

Structure Dimensions From:
Structure Condition Report, Barge Canal -
Western Section.
Materials Bureau, N.Y.S. D.O.T.
February 1977

- #43 (Subarea 1 outlet) 4'x3's" Concrete Arch 424' long
#44 (Subarea 3 outlet) 36' of 36" ϕ CMP, 72.5' of 4'w x 3' high
Concrete Arch, 132' of 42" ϕ CIP
#45 (Subarea 5 outlet) 132' of 48" ϕ CIP, 74' of 4'x4'
Concrete Arch

<u>Headwater Elevation</u>	<u>Q₄₃</u>	<u>Q₄₄</u>	<u>Q₄₅</u>
495.7			0
496.7		0	
498		16 cfs	37 cfs
500	0	36	52
502	25 cfs	54	77
504	67	67	98
506	102	79	112
508	120	88	127
510	132	97	140
512	143	105	152
514	155	114	164
516	164	122	174
517	168	126	180



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DESIGN BRIEF

PROJECT NAME

N.Y.S. Dam Inspections 1981

DATE

1-26-81

SUBJECT

Round Pond Creek

PROJECT NO.

2520

DRAWN BY

Rating Curve for 5' x 6'6" Stone Arch
Stream Conduit under R.R. Embankment
(Subarea 4 outlet)

Arch Invert @ 512.4
Top of R.R. Embankment ~ 530

<u>H</u>	<u>Q</u>
2'	35 cfs
4	105
6	185
8	285
10	350
12	400
14	450
16	505
18	545

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UTICA • NEW YORK • 13501
TEL 315-797-5800**DESIGN BRIEF**

PROJECT NAME N.Y.S. Dam Inspections 1981 DATE _____

SUBJECT Round Top Creek PROJECT NO. 2520

Reservoir Drawdown Capacity DRAWN BY _____

48" RCP @ invert elev ~443.8

Length ~55'

For $H \geq 1.5D$ will act as an orifice

$$Q = CA \sqrt{2gH}$$

C From Table 4-11 "Handbook of Hydraulics"
King & Brater

$$C = 0.725$$

$$A = \pi R^2 = 12.57 \text{ ft}^2$$

<u>Elev</u>	<u>H</u>	<u>Q (cfs)</u>	
458	14.2	275	(Spillway Crest)
463	19.2	320	(Top of Dam)

KOUNA
NY #170

CHECK LIST FOR DAMS
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC
ENGINEERING DATA

1

AREA-CAPACITY DATA:

	<u>Elevation</u> (ft.)	<u>Surface Area</u> (acres)	<u>Storage Capacity</u> (acre-ft.)
1) Top of Dam	<u>463.5</u>	<u>148</u>	<u>1100</u>
2) Design High Water (Max. Design Pool)	<u>461</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>810</u>
3) Auxiliary Spillway Crest	<u>443.8</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
4) Pool Level with Flashboards	<u>N/A</u>		
5) Service Spillway Crest	<u>458</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>460</u>

DISCHARGES

	<u>Volume</u> (cfs)
1) Average Daily	<u>UNKNOWN</u>
2) Spillway @ Maximum High Water	<u>7190</u>
3) Spillway @ Design High Water	<u>3340</u>
4) Spillway @ Auxiliary Spillway Crest Elevation	<u>N/A</u>
5) Low Level Outlet (48" ϕ RCP with Reservoir) @ Top of Dam	<u>320</u>
6) Total (of all facilities) @ Maximum High Water	<u>7510</u>
7) Maximum Known Flood	Res. @ Elev. 457.2 <u>Discharge Unknown</u>
8) At Time of Inspection	<u>UNKNOWN</u>

CREST:

ELEVATION: 463.5Type: Earth FillWidth: 12' Length: 2765Spillover None (spillway @ left abutment)

Location _____

SPILLWAY:

PRINCIPAL

EMERGENCY

443.8 Elevation 45848" Ø RCP Type TrapezoidalBottom Width 218'

Type of Control

Uncontrolled ✓

Controlled:

gate Type
(Flashboards; gate)1 Number48" SQUARE Size/Length

Invert Material

Anticipated Length
of operating service

Chute Length

Height Between Spillway Crest
& Approach Channel Invert
(Weir Flow)

HYDROMETEROLOGICAL GAGES:

Type : Staff gage

Location: Just upstream of 48" ϕ pipe inlet

Records: Available at Town of Greece, Engineer's office

Date - _____

Max. Reading - Unavailable

FLOOD WATER CONTROL SYSTEM:

Warning System: No formalized system

Method of Controlled Releases (mechanisms):

By regulating gate opening of 48"
 ϕ RCP

DRAINAGE AREA: 7 mi²

DRAINAGE BASIN RUNOFF CHARACTERISTICS:

Land Use - Type: agricultural & wooded interspersed w/ suburban development

Terrain - Relief: moderate slope

Surface - Soil: Loam

Runoff Potential (existing or planned extensive alterations to existing surface or subsurface conditions)

Area immediately surrounding Reservoir is planned to remain undeveloped. Upper portion of basin may be subject to future suburban developments

Potential Sedimentation problem areas (natural or man-made; present or future)

None Known

Potential Backwater problem areas for levels at maximum storage capacity including surcharge storage:

None

Dikes - Floodwalls (overflow & non-overflow) - Low reaches along the Reservoir perimeter:

Location: No low reaches known

Elevation: _____

Reservoir:

Length @ Maximum Pool 0.6 ± (Miles)

Length of Shoreline (@ Spillway Crest) 2.5 ± (Miles)

[illegible]

PREVIEW OF SEQUENCE OF STREAM NETWORK CALCULATIONS

```

RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT 100
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 101
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT 200
COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT 200
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 601
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT 300
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 301
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 601
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT 400
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 401
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 501
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT 500
COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT 500
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 501
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 601
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT 600
COMBINE 4 HYDROGRAPHS AT 600
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 601
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 600.1
END OF NETWORK

```

 FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
 CAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
 LAST MODIFICATION 20 FEB 79

RUN DATE? THU, FEB 1, 1981
 TIME? 15:42:59

ROUND POND CREEK DAM FILE IS ASBV
 HEC-10B (SNYDER PARAMETERS)
 PMF - DAM OVER TOPPING ANALYSIS

NO	HR	NNIN	IDAY	IHR	IMIN	METRC	IPLT	IFRT	NSTAN
4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
			JOPER	NNT	LROPT	TRACE			
			5	3	0	0			

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED

RTIOS= 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.80 1.00
 NPLAN= 1 RTIO= 7 LRTIO= 1

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPLETION

INVD	ITYPE	TAREA	SNAP	TRSDA	TRSPC	RATIO	ISNOW	ISAME	ISTAGE	IALTO
1	1	1.93	0.00	7.02	0.00	0.000	0	1	0	0

HYDROGRAPH DATA

INVD	ITYPE	TAREA	SNAP	TRSDA	TRSPC	RATIO	ISNOW	ISAME	ISTAGE	IALTO
1	1	1.93	0.00	7.02	0.00	0.000	0	1	0	0

PRECIP DATA

SPFE	PMS	R6	R12	R24	R48	R72	R96
0.00	21.00	117.00	127.00	141.00	151.00	0.00	0.00

TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS 0.000

LOSS DATA	RTIO	RTIOL	RTIOL	RTIOL	RTIOL	RTIOL	RTIOL	RTIOL	RTIOL	RTIOL
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

[illegible]

[illegible]

RUNOFF SLBAREA 2
1STAG
200

HYDROGRAPH DATA		RATIO		ISNAME		LOCAL	
TIME	SNAP	TS	TSPC	ISNO	ISNM	LOCN	LOCN
1	0.00	7.02	1	1	1	1	1
2	0.00	7.02	1	1	1	1	1

SPPE	PMS	RC	R12	R24	R46	W72	R96
0.0	21.42	112.00	127.00	141.00	151.00	0.00	0.00

TRANSEC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .850

LOSS DATA

Variable	Mean	SD	Min	Max
LTOT	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
STOT	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
DLTKA	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
RTIOL	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
ERAIN	0.20	0.40	0.00	1.00
STKS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RTIOK	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
STRTL	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
CNSTL	0.10	0.30	0.00	1.00
ALSMX	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RTIMP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

UNIT MICROGRAPH DATA

TP = 1.65 CP = 2.63 NTA = 3

RECESSION DATA

```

RECESSION DATA
STATG= -2.00  GRCSN= -0.12  RTIOR= 1.62

```

UNIT HYDROGRAPH C EVD-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAG= 1.24 HOURS, CP= 0.62 VOL= 1.00
 47. 131. 67. 12. 5.
 132. 67. 20. 12. 5.

C				END-OF-PERIOD FLOW				COMP Q					
MO.DA	HR.MM	PERIOD	RAIN	EXCS	LOSS	COMP Q	MO.DA	HR.MM	PERIOD	RAIN	EXCS	LOSS	COMP Q
									SUM	26.05	22.49	3.60	12438.
										(663.)	(571.)	(91.)	352.20

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS 1 & 2									
1STAG	ICOMP	1ECON	1TAPF	JPLY	JFRT	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO	
200	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE TO RESERVOIR
 ISTAT 1
 ICOMP 1
 IRECON 0
 ITAPE 0
 JPLT 0
 JFRT 0
 INAPE 1
 ISTAGE 0
 IAUTO 0
 ROUTING DATA
 IRES 1
 ISAME 1
 IOPT 0
 IPMP 0
 LSTR 0
 QLCSS 2.0
 CLCSS 0.00
 AVG 0.00
 NSTPS 1
 NSTOL 0
 LAG 0
 AMSKK 0
 STOR 0
 ISPRAT 0
 TSK 0
 STOR 0
 ISPRAT 0

NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL ROUTING

QIN(1) QIN(2) QIN(3) ELNVT ELMAX RLNTH SEL
 0.00 0.00 0.00 461.0 480.0 800. 0.03500

CROSS SECTION COORDINATES--STA,ELEV,STA,ELEV--ETC
 0.00 460.00 10.00 479.00 15.00 470.00
 55.00 47.00 65.00 479.00 75.00 480.00

STORAGE	0.00	0.56	1.14	1.74	2.37	3.01	3.67	4.36	5.06
	6.53	7.30	8.08	8.89	9.71	10.56	11.43	12.32	13.22
OUTFLOW	0.00	205.25	641.54	1244.42	1987.71	2856.27	3840.37	4933.44	6130.89
	9369.00	10843.13	12751.27	14792.87	16967.45	19274.62	21714.12	24285.81	26989.68
STAGE	461.00	462.00	463.00	464.00	465.00	466.00	467.00	468.00	469.00
	471.00	472.00	473.00	474.00	475.00	476.00	477.00	478.00	479.00
FLOW	0.00	205.25	641.54	1244.42	1987.71	2856.27	3840.37	4933.44	6130.89
	9369.00	10843.13	12751.27	14792.87	16967.45	19274.62	21714.12	24285.81	26989.68

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 462.7

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 463.1

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 463.4

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 463.7

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 463.9

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 464.4

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 404.9

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

RUNOFF SUBAREA 3
ISTAG 3.0 ICOMP 0 ISECON 0 ITAPE 0 JPLT 0 JFRT 0 INAME 1 ISTAGE 0 IALTO 0

HYDROGRAPH DATA
INVOG 1 IUNG 1 TAREA 0.32 SNAP 0.00 TRSDA 7.02 TRSFC 0.00 RATIO 0.000 ISNOW 0 ISAME 1 LOCAL 0

PRECIP DATA
SPFE 0.00 PMS 21.60 R6 117.30 R12 127.03 R24 141.00 R48 151.00 R72 161.00 R96 171.00
C00 0.00 C01 0.00 C02 0.00 C03 0.00 C04 0.00 C05 0.00 C06 0.00 C07 0.00 C08 0.00 C09 0.00 C10 0.00

TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS 0.00

LOSS DATA
LROPT STRK DLTR RTIOL ERAIN STRKS RTIOR STRTL CNSTL ALSMX WTIMP
1 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 0.10 0.00 0.03

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA
TP= 1.55 CP=0.03 NTA= 0

REGRESSION DATA
STRSQ= -2.00 GRCSN= -0.10 RTIOR= 1.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 0 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES LAL= 1.54 HOURS CP= 0.62 VOL= 1.00
37. 75. 54. 23. 10. 4. 2. 1.

MO-DA MR-MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMPO
END-OF-PERIOD FLOW
MO-DA MR-MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMPO
SUM 26.05 22.45 3.64 6152.
(663.)(570.)(92.)(174.21)

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE UNDER CANAL THRU STRUCTURE # 44
ISTAG 301 ICOMP 1 ISECON 0 ITAPE 0 JPLT 0 JFRT 0 INAME 1 ISTAGE 0 IALTO 0

ROUTING DATA

MAXIMUM STAGE 1S	506.4
MAXIMUM STAGE 1S	508.3
MAXIMUM STAGE 1S	509.5
MAXIMUM STAGE 1S	510.4
MAXIMUM STAGE 1S	511.2
MAXIMUM STAGE 1S	512.5
MAXIMUM STAGE 1S	513.4

[illegible]

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE TO RESERVOIR							
ISTAQ	ICOMP	IECON	ITYFE	JPLY	JFRT	INAME	ISTAGE
6-1	1	0	-	0	0	1	0
ROUTING DATA							
QLOSS	AVG	IRIS	ISAME	ICPT	IPMP	LSTR	
0-00	0-00	1	1	0	0		
NSTPS	NSTD1	LAG	ANSKK	X	TSK	STORA	ISPRT
1	0	0	0-00	0-000	0-000	-1-	0

OCCEAL DEPTH CHANNEL ROUTING

GR(1)	GR(2)	GR(3)	ELNVT	ELMAX	RLNTH	SEL
0.0700	0.0470	0.0700	461.0	400.0	1990.	0.02150

[illegible]

MAXIMUM STAGE IS	462.1
MAXIMUM STAGE IS	462.1
MAXIMUM STAGE IS	462.1
MAXIMUM STAGE IS	462.2
MAXIMUM STAGE IS	462.2
MAXIMUM STAGE IS	462.2
MAXIMUM STAGE IS	462.2

[illegible]

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

```

RUNOFF SUBAREA 4
ISTAQ 4.00
IACOMP 0
ITYPE 0
JPLT 0
JFRT 0
INAME 1
ISTAGE 0
IAUTO 0

INVDG 1
IUNG 1
TAREA 3.04
SNAF 0.00
TRSDA 7.02
TRSPC 0.00
RATIO 0.000
ISNM 0
ISAME 1
LOCAL 0

HYDROGRAPH DATA
PRECIP DATA
R6 R12 R24
SPFE 0.00 PMS 21.60
R6 117.00 R12 127.00 R24 141.00
R42 151.00
R72 0.00
R90 0.00

PROGRAM IS 4.600

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THE PROGRAM IS U.S.C.

LOSS DATA
 LROFT STRKE DLTKE KTIOL ERAIN STRKS RTIOK SIRTJ CNSTL ALSMX RTIME
 C 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.10 0.00 0.03

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA
 TP= 2.45 CP=C.63 NTA= C

RECESION DATA
 STRIQ= -2.00 GRCSN= -C.10 RTIOR= 1.50

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 14 END-OF-PERIOD ORIGINATES, LAG= 2.46 HOURS, CP= 0.62 VOL= 1.00
 1.00 352. 471. 375. 236. 152. 96. 61. 39. 25.
 16. 10. 0. 4.

C
 MO.DA MR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS CUM P Q
 END-OF-PERIOD FLOW
 SUM 26.09 22.45 3.64 5488.
 (663.)(570.)(92.)(1554.25)

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE UNDER RAILROAD				ROUTING DATA				HYDROGRAPH ROUTING			
ISTAG	ICOMP	ISTAG	ICOMP	IRECON	ITATE	JFLT	JFRT	INAME	ISTAGE	IALTO	
4.1	1	4.1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
ROUTING DATA				ROUTING DATA							
QLOSS	QLOSS	AVG	QLOSS	IPRES	ISAME	IOFT	IPMP		LSTR		
0.0	0.000	0.00	0.00	1	1	0	0		0		
NSTPS				LAG	ARSKK	Y	TSK	STORA	ISPRAT		
1				0	0.000	0.000	0.000	-1.	0		
STORAGE	3.00	6.00	14.00	30.00	54.00	100.00	170.00	270.00	400.00		
	600.00	600.00									
OUTFLOW	0.00	55.00	105.00	185.00	265.00	350.00	400.00	450.00	505.00		
	9800.00	26800.00									
STAGE	512.40	514.40	516.40	518.40	520.40	522.40	524.40	526.40	528.40		
	531.00	532.00									
FLOW	0.00	55.00	105.00	185.00	265.00	350.00	400.00	450.00	505.00		
	9800.00	26800.00									

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 527.5
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 530.1

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 505.0
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 504.6
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 506.1
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 507.2
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 507.2
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 508.2
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 508.4

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

RUNOFF SUBAREA 5
 ISTAT 5.0
 ICOMP 0
 IECON 0
 ITAPE 0
 JPLT 3
 JFRT 3
 INAME 1
 ISTAGE 0
 IAUTO 0

HYDROGRAPH DATA
 SNAF 5.00
 TRSDA 7.72
 TRSPC 0.00
 RATIO 3.000
 ISNOW 1
 ISAME 1
 LOCAL 3

PRECIP DATA

SPFE 0.00
 PMS 21.60
 R6 117.00
 R12 127.00
 R24 141.00
 R48 151.00
 R72 0.00
 R96 0.00

TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS 0.822

LOSS DATA

LROPT 5.00
 STKR 0.00
 DLTKR 0.00
 RTICL 1.00
 ERAIN 0.00
 STKRS 0.00
 RTIOK 1.00
 STRTL 1.00
 CNSTL 0.10
 ALSMX 0.00
 RTIMP 0.02

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

TF= 1.20
 CP=0.63
 NTA= 0

RECESSION DATA

STRTO= -2.00
 QRCNS= -0.10
 RTIOR= 1.60

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 5
 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAG= 1.15 HOURS, CP= 0.62 VOL= 1.00
 70. 125. 3.

END-OF-PERIOD FLOW

MO.DA HR.MM PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q MO.DA HR.MM PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q
 SUM 26.05 22.42 3.68 8853.

●●●●●●●●●●

INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
1	C	0

ROUTING DATA
FSC 15AWE

CLASS	CROSS	AVG
5-0	9.000	9.000

NSTPS	1	NSTDL	0
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U.S. CRIMINAL DEPT. CHANNEL ROUTING

GN(1)	GN(2)	GN(3)	ELNVT	ELMAX	RLNTH	SEL
0.0700	0.0400	0.0700	461.0	480.0	2200	0.01500

CROSS SECTION COORDINATES>--STA,ELEV,STA,ELEV--ETC

441.00 461.00 53.529 461.00

	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	2401	2402	2403	2404	2405	2406	2407	2408	2409	2410	2411	2412	2413	2414	2415	2416	2417	2418	2419	2420	2421	2422	2423	2424	2425	2426	2427	2428	2429	2430	2431	2432	2433	2434	2435	2436	2437	2438	2439	2440	2441	2442	2
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MAXIMUM STAGE IS 462.6

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 462.6

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 462.6

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 402.6

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 462.6

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 462.0
MAXIMUM STAGE IS 462.6

***** SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION *****

RUNOFF SUBAREA C
ISTAG 0 ICOMP 0 IECON 0 ITAPE 0 JPLT 3 JPRT 0 INAME 1 ISTAGE 0 IAUTO 0

HYDROGRAPH DATA
INVDG 1 IUNG 1 TAREA 1.62 SNAP 0.10 TRSDA 7.22 TRSPC 0.00 RATIO 0.000 ISNOM 1 ISAME 1 LOCAL 0

PRECIP DATA
SPFE 1.00 PMS 21.62 R6 117.00 R72 127.00 R46 141.00 R96 151.00
TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS 0.00

LOSS DATA
LKOPT STRK DLTK RTIOL ERAIN STRKS RTIOK STRIL CNSTL ALSMX RTIMP
1.00 2.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 0.31

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA
TP= 1.15 CP=0.63 WTA= C

RECESSION DATA
SIRTS= -2.00 QRCSN= -0.10 RTIOR= 1.60

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 5 END-OF-PERIOD ORIGINATES, LAG= 1.14 HOURS, CP= 0.62 VOL= 1.00
115. 166. 2.

MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q END-OF-PERIOD FLOW
MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q
SUM 26.09 23.50 2.59 12848.
(663.7) (597.) (66.) (363.81)

***** COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS *****

COMBINE 4 HYDROGRAPHS TOTAL RESERVOIR INFLOW
ISTAG ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE THRU RESERVOIR AND OVER SPILLWAY
ISTAQ ICOMP IRECON ITAPE JFLT JFRT INAME ISTAGE IALTO
0.0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
ROUTING DATA
QLOSS CLOSS AUC
0.0 0.000 0.00
NSTPS NSTDL LAG ANSKK X ISK STORA ISPRAT
1 0 0 0.000 0.000 0.000 -458. 0

CAPACITY= 460. 815. 1100.
ELEVATION= 444. 452. 461. 463.
CREL SPALD CORW EXPW ELEV COQL CAREA EXPL
452.0 212.0 2.9 1.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

TOPEL CUGD EXFD DAMHID
463.0 4.6 1.5 2550.

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 953. AT TIME 42.00 HOURS
PEAK OUTFLOW IS 1307. AT TIME 42.00 HOURS
PEAK OUTFLOW IS 1657. AT TIME 42.00 HOURS
PEAK OUTFLOW IS 2005. AT TIME 42.00 HOURS
PEAK OUTFLOW IS 2353. AT TIME 42.00 HOURS
PEAK OUTFLOW IS 3049. AT TIME 42.00 HOURS
PEAK OUTFLOW IS 3692. AT TIME 42.00 HOURS

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE BELOW SPILLWAY
ISTAQ ICOMP IRECON ITAPE JFLT JFRT INAME ISTAGE IALTO

ROUTING DATA
 IRES 1
 ISAME 1
 ICPT 3
 LSTR C
 NSTPS 1
 NSTOL
 LAG 0
 AMSAK X
 0.000 0.000
 STOR -1.000
 ISPRAT C

ORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL ROUTING

GN(1) GN(2) GN(3) ELNVT ELMAX ALNTH SEL
 0.0400 0.0350 0.0400 453.7 459.0 165.0 0.00300

CROSS SECTION COORDINATES--STA/ELEV/STA/ELEV--ETC
 180.00 457.00 150.00 457.00 200.00 453.70 420.00 453.70
 457.00 457.00 458.00 458.00 550.00 459.00

STORAGE	2.41	2.66	6.47	3.29	0.94	1.18	1.43	1.67	1.92
OUTFLOW	2866.52	3364.00	3897.97	4507.43	5177.74	5905.90	6690.05	7532.09	8434.25
STAGE	453.70	456.77	457.05	457.33	457.60	457.88	458.16	458.44	458.72
FLOW	350.0	61.15	194.33	382.37	618.27	897.78	1217.91	1576.46	1971.65

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 455.1
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 455.4
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 455.7
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 456.0
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 456.2
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 456.6
 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 456.9

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
 AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN	RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS						
				RATIO 1	RATIO 2	RATIO 3	RATIO 4	RATIO 5	RATIO 6	RATIO 7
				0.20	0.33	0.40	0.50	0.63	0.80	1.00
HYDROGRAPH AT	100	1.93 (5.00)	1	860. (24.36)	1290. (36.53)	1720. (48.71)	2150. (60.89)	2580. (73.07)	3440. (97.42)	4300. (121.78)
ROUTED TO	101	1.93 (5.00)	1	166. (4.66)	165. (4.67)	165. (4.68)	166. (4.69)	166. (4.71)	167. (4.74)	168. (4.76)
HYDROGRAPH AT	200	0.66 (1.71)	1	349. (9.87)	523. (14.83)	697. (19.74)	871. (24.67)	1046. (29.61)	1354. (39.46)	1743. (49.35)
2 COMBINED	200	2.59 (6.71)	1	513. (14.52)	687. (19.44)	862. (24.40)	1036. (29.34)	1210. (34.28)	1559. (44.16)	1908. (54.04)
ROUTED TO	201	2.59 (6.71)	1	514. (14.54)	675. (19.47)	862. (24.42)	1039. (29.42)	1214. (34.37)	1562. (44.24)	1911. (54.11)
HYDROGRAPH AT	300	0.32 (0.83)	1	131. (3.11)	271. (7.67)	361. (10.22)	451. (12.78)	542. (15.33)	722. (20.45)	903. (25.56)
ROUTED TO	301	0.32 (0.83)	1	81. (2.29)	89. (2.52)	95. (2.68)	99. (2.80)	102. (2.89)	107. (3.04)	112. (3.16)
ROUTED TO	301	0.32 (0.83)	1	81. (2.30)	89. (2.52)	95. (2.69)	99. (2.80)	102. (2.89)	108. (3.04)	112. (3.17)
HYDROGRAPH AT	400	3.04 (7.88)	1	1353. (38.31)	2030. (57.47)	2706. (76.63)	3383. (95.78)	4059. (114.94)	5412. (153.25)	6765. (191.56)
ROUTED TO	401	3.04 (7.88)	1	480. (13.60)	1119. (31.69)	2473. (70.03)	4957. (140.38)	3975. (112.55)	7450. (210.96)	6836. (193.59)
ROUTED TO	500	3.04 (7.88)	1	480. (13.59)	1012. (28.65)	2505. (70.93)	4346. (123.07)	4322. (122.39)	6745. (190.99)	7234. (204.83)
HYDROGRAPH AT	500	0.44 (1.15)	1	282. (7.98)	423. (11.98)	564. (15.97)	705. (19.96)	846. (23.95)	1128. (31.93)	1410. (39.92)
2 COMBINED	500	3.49 (9.27)	1	660. (18.57)	1053. (29.61)	2595. (73.10)	4633. (129.45)	4666. (130.43)	7576. (212.55)	8273. (232.77)

ROUTED TO	501	3.49 (9.03)	174. (4.94)	175. (4.96)	176. (4.98)	177. (5.00)	177. (5.02)	179. (5.06)	180. (5.11)
ROUTED TO	601	3.49 (9.03)	174. (4.94)	175. (4.96)	176. (4.98)	177. (5.00)	177. (5.02)	179. (5.06)	180. (5.11)
HYDROGRAPH AT	600	0.62 (1.61)	403. (11.41)	614. (17.12)	806. (22.82)	1007. (28.53)	1209. (34.23)	1612. (45.64)	2015. (57.05)
4 COMBINED	600	7.02 (18.16)	1129. (31.96)	1520. (43.05)	1905. (53.93)	2285. (64.71)	2666. (75.49)	3421. (96.88)	4172. (118.15)
ROUTED TO	600	7.02 (18.16)	953. (27.00)	1377. (37.02)	1657. (46.93)	2005. (56.76)	2353. (66.64)	3049. (86.33)	3692. (104.55)
ROUTED TO	600-1	7.02 (18.16)	953. (26.98)	1307. (37.51)	1657. (46.92)	2005. (56.78)	2354. (66.65)	3049. (86.34)	3693. (104.58)

PLAN 1 STATION 101

RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW-CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE-FT	TIME HOURS
0.20	164.	516.1	47.00
0.30	165.	516.2	47.00
0.40	165.	516.3	50.00
0.50	166.	516.4	55.00
0.60	166.	516.6	59.00
0.80	167.	516.8	65.00
1.00	168.	517.1	69.00

PLAN 1 STATION 601

RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW-CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE-FT	TIME HOURS
0.20	514.	462.7	42.00
0.30	688.	463.1	42.00
0.40	862.	463.4	42.00
0.50	1039.	463.7	42.00
0.60	1214.	463.9	42.00
0.80	1562.	464.4	42.00
1.00	1911.	464.9	42.00

PLAN 1 STATION 301

RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW-CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE-FT	TIME HOURS
-------	---------------------	---------------------	---------------

RATIO	FLOW, CFS	STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
0.20	81.	506.4	44.00
0.30	99.	508.3	44.00
0.40	99.	509.5	44.00
0.50	99.	510.4	45.00
0.60	102.	511.2	45.00
0.80	107.	512.5	45.00
1.00	112.	513.4	46.00

PLAN 1 STATION 6C1

RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
0.20	81.	462.1	43.00
0.30	89.	462.1	44.00
0.40	95.	462.1	44.00
0.50	99.	462.2	44.00
0.60	102.	462.2	45.00
0.80	108.	462.2	45.00
1.00	112.	462.2	45.00

PLAN 1 STATION 4C1

RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
0.20	480.	527.5	46.00
0.30	1119.	530.1	45.00
0.40	2473.	530.2	44.00
0.50	4957.	530.5	45.00
0.60	3975.	530.4	43.00
0.80	7450.	530.7	42.00
1.00	6836.	530.7	42.00

PLAN 1 STATION 5C1

RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE, FT	TIME HOURS
0.20	480.	503.5	46.00
0.30	1112.	504.6	45.00
0.40	2505.	506.1	44.00
0.50	4346.	507.2	43.00
0.60	4322.	507.2	43.00
0.80	6745.	508.2	42.00
1.00	7234.	508.4	42.00

PLAN 1 STATION 5C1

MAXIMUM FLOW, CFS MAXIMUM STAGE, FT TIME, HOURS

RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW-CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE-FT	TIME HOURS
C-20	174.	516.1	62.00
C-30	175.	516.2	73.00
C-40	176.	516.3	73.00
C-50	177.	516.4	76.00
C-60	177.	516.6	83.00
C-80	179.	516.8	95.00
1.00	180.	517.1	95.00

PLAN 1 STATION 601

RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW-CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE-FT	TIME HOURS
C-20	174.	462.6	62.00
C-30	175.	462.6	70.00
C-40	176.	462.6	73.00
C-50	177.	462.6	76.00
C-60	177.	462.6	83.00
C-80	179.	462.6	85.00
1.00	180.	462.6	90.00

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLAN 1

RATIO OF PAF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX CUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
0.20	459.30	612.	953.	0.00	42.00	0.00
0.30	459.60	647.	1337.	0.00	42.00	0.00
0.40	459.88	679.	1657.	0.00	42.00	0.00
0.50	460.13	709.	2005.	0.00	42.00	0.00
0.60	460.37	737.	2353.	0.00	42.00	0.00
0.80	460.82	769.	3649.	0.00	42.00	0.00
1.00	461.21	840.	3692.	0.00	42.00	0.00

INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TCF OF DAM
458.00	458.00	463.00
460.	460.	1100.
0.	0.	7190.

ELEVATION
STORAGE
OUTFLOW

PLAN 1 STATION 600.1

RATIO	MAXIMUM FLOW/CFS	MAXIMUM STAGE/FT	TIME HOURS
0.20	953.	455.1	42.00
0.30	1337.	455.4	42.00
0.40	1657.	455.7	42.00
0.50	2005.	456.0	42.00
0.60	2354.	456.2	42.00
0.80	3649.	456.6	42.00
1.00	3693.	456.9	42.00

APPENDIX D

REFERENCES

APPENDIX D

REFERENCES

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18. Soil Survey of Monroe County, New York, 1977, United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service
19. Guidebook for Field Trips in Western New York, 1956, New York State Geological Association 28th Annual Meeting at the University of Rochester, N.Y.
20. William C. Larsen, P.E.: Preliminary Engineering Report; Round Pond Watershed Retention Basin Number One, Deschel Drive, March 1975
21. Erdman, Anthony, Associates: Detailed Drainage Study, Round Pond Watershed, Town of Greece, New York, June 1976
22. New York State Department of Transportation, Material Bureau: Structure Condition Report, Barge Canal - Western Section, Fairport to Lockport, February 1977

APPENDIX E

PREVIOUS INSPECTION REPORTS/AVAILABLE DOCUMENTS

William C. Larsen, P.E.
John F. Karle, P.E.
Richard N. Passero, P.E.

William C. Larsen, P.E., P.C.

CIVIL - SANITARY - MUNICIPAL
ENGINEERING

44 SAGINAW DRIVE - ROCHESTER, N.Y. 14623
AREA CODE 716/473-3460

JGT 1575
December 21, 1977

Franklin Jack Buholtz P.E.
Dale F. Green P.E.
James R. Gresens P.E.
Hakim A. Hakim P.E.
Shree R. Shrivastava P.E.
Iqbal M. Singh P.E.
Peter J. Smith P.E.
Yash P. Wadhwa P.E.
LaVern R. Celestino P.L.S.
Edward T. Nicoletta P.L.S.

Mr. Louis M. Concra, Jr., P.E.
Central Permit Agent
NYS DEC
50 Wolf Road
Albany, NY 12233

RE: CERTIFICATION OF CONSTRUCTION
PERMIT #828-76-140
REG. Dam #40A-4241

Dear Mr. Concra:

This letter is to advise you that construction authorized under the above referenced permit has been completed. In accordance with the special conditions of the permit, this letter shall serve as certification that the project was constructed under the direct inspection of our office and our soils consultant. In addition, the construction was performed in accordance with the plans and specifications as approved by your office, with the following exceptions:

1. The 95% compaction requirement for embankment material was relaxed to a 90% compaction requirement in certain areas. The contractor has made every attempt to obtain the 95% compaction, but due to the poor weather conditions during construction and the characteristics of the native soil being used for the embankment fill, the required compaction could not reasonably be obtained. After consultation with our soils consultant, it was decided to relax the specification to a 90% compaction requirement. To compensate for any additional settlement which might occur, the elevation of the top of the dam was raised by 0.5 ft, to an elevation of 463.5
2. From centerline station 23+0 to centerline station 32+50 a cobble "blanket" was installed along the interior bank of the toe-of-slope swale in front of the dam.
3. Crusher run stone access roadways were constructed from the ends of the dam to existing public roads. This was done in order to make the discharge control structure and the entire project area more accessible to the town's maintenance personnel. Chain link gates and fences were installed across these roadways at their exit onto the public highway.

Mr. Louis M. Concra, Jr., P.E.
NYS DEC
Albany NY

12/21/77

Upon completion of record drawings for the project, we will submit a copy to your office for your records. In the meantime, if you have any questions or wish to discuss the project further, please do not hesitate to call us.

Very truly yours,

WILLIAM C. LARSEN, P.E., P.C.

William R. VanAlst
William R. VanAlst, P.E.

WRV:pd

cc: Supervisor Don Riley
Town of Greece Engineering Dept.
Curt Rossow, Town Planner

STATE OF NEW YORK)
COUNTY OF MONROE) SS

On this 22 day of December 1977, personally appeared William R. VanAlst, P.E., Project Engineer for the firm of William C. Larsen, PE, PC, and acknowledged that he executed the foregoing instrument.

Bird L. Shaw
Notary Public

Commission Expires: 3/30/79

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
WATER RESOURCES COMMISSION
ALBANY, NEW YORK 12201

DAMS

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT

for the Construction, Reconstruction or Repair of a Dam or
Other Impoundment Structure under Conservation Law, Section 429 (c).

CONSERVATION DEPARTMENT USE ONLY

Application No. 828-76-140

Dam No. 40A-4241

Watershed W. Catskill

Read instructions on the reverse side before completing this application. Please type or print clearly in ink.

1. NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT First Name M.I. Last Name Phone No. Town of Greece 225-2000 Street Address 2505 Ridge Road West Post Office State Zip Code Rochester NY 14625		2. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER (if different from applicant) First Name M.I. Last Name Street Address Post Office State Zip Code	
3. TYPE OF PROJECT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Construction <input type="checkbox"/> Reconstruction <input type="checkbox"/> Repair		4. IS STATE-OWNED LAND TO BE USED? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
		5. PROPOSED STARTING DATE July, 1976	
		6. EXPECTED COMPLETION DATE June 1977	

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

7. LOCATION OF DAM Stream or Body of Water County Town Round Pond Creek Monroe Greece		8. Give distance and direction from commonly accepted landmark 3200' + north of Barge Canal	
9. LOCATION ON U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY MAP Name of Map Latitude Longitude Rochester West 43°11'38"N 77°42'41"W		10. PROPOSED USE FOR IMPOUNDED WATER Temporary stormwater storage	
11. STATE THE HEIGHT ABOVE SPILLCREST OF THE LOWEST PART OF THE IMMEDIATE UPSTREAM ADJOINING PROPERTY OR PROPERTIES 15 Feet			
12. IS THIS PROPOSED POND OR LAKE PART OF A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY? If not, where is nearest downstream public water supply intake? No intakes on stream		13. SIZE OF AREA DRAINING INTO POND OR LAKE (Acres or Square Miles) 7.38 Sq. miles	

14. THE DRAINAGE AREA IS COMPOSED OF: (Total = 100%) 23 % Forest 28 % Cropland 27 % Pasture 4 % Other 4 % Swamp 14 % Suburban Lands 0 % Urban Lands			
15. TYPE OF SPILLWAY <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Service Spillway - Auxiliary Spillway Combination <input type="checkbox"/> Single Spillway <input type="checkbox"/> Pipe Riser ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> Other		16. DESIGNER'S ESTIMATE OF CLASS OF HAZARD (As described in "Guidelines for Small Earth Dam Designs") <input type="checkbox"/> Class "a" <input type="checkbox"/> Class "b" <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Class "c" NOTE: Provide descriptive information on character of downstream area.	

17. SPILLWAY INFLOW DESIGN FLOOD Frequency 60 yr Flood Peak 5500 c.f.s. Runoff Volume 18.5 in.		18. SERVICE SPILLWAY INFLOW DESIGN FLOOD Frequency 50 yr Flood Peak 578 c.f.s. Runoff Volume 3.4	
19. THE SERVICE SPILLWAY OR AUXILIARY SPILLWAY IS COMPOSED OF: <input type="checkbox"/> Vegetated Earth <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Concrete <input type="checkbox"/> Timber <input type="checkbox"/> Rock-filled Crib <input type="checkbox"/> Masonry <input type="checkbox"/> Other			

20. MAXIMUM VELOCITY WITHIN THE SINGLE OR AUXILIARY SPILLWAY 40 f.p.s.		21. SINGLE OR AUXILIARY SPILLWAY DISCHARGE AT DESIGN HIGH WATER 3438 c.f.s.		22. TYPE OF ENERGY DISSIPATER PROVIDED ON SINGLE SPILLWAY <input type="checkbox"/> Hydraulic Jump Basin <input type="checkbox"/> Drop Structure <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other see plan	
23. POND OR LAKE WILL BE DRAINED BY MEANS OF gated conduit		24. WATER WILL BE SUPPLIED TO RIPARIAN OWNERS DOWNSTREAM BY MEANS OF Gated conduit		25. HEIGHT OF DAM ABOVE STREAM BED 19 Feet	

26. AREA-CAPACITY DATA Answer 1, 2 and 3, OR 1, 2, 4, 5		ELEVATION, Referred To Assumed Benchmark		SURFACE AREA		VOLUME STORED	
1. Top of Dam		463.0 Feet		140 Acres		1036 Acre-Feet	
2. Design High Water		461.0 Feet		124 Acres		772 Acre-Feet	
3. Single Spillway Crest		458.0 Feet		98 Acres		460 Acre-Feet	
4. Auxiliary Spillway Crest		443.98 Feet		-		-	
5. Service Spillway Crest				-		-	

27. TYPE OF ENERGY DISSIPATER AT OUTLET OF CONDUIT: <input type="checkbox"/> Impact Basin <input type="checkbox"/> Plunge Pool <input type="checkbox"/> Hydraulic Jump Basin <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other energy dissipator blocks		28. IS PIPE RISER PROVIDED WITH AN ANTI-VORTEX DEVICE? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No N.A.	
--	--	--	--

29. APPROXIMATE TIMES Answer 1 and 2, or 1, 3 and 4

30. Has provision been made to evacuate 90% of the storage below the lowest spillway crest within fourteen days? ☒ Yes ☐ No

31. Will the single spillway evacuate 75% of the storage between the maximum design high water and the spillway crest within 48 hours? ☐ Yes ☐ No

32. Will the Service Spillway evacuate 75% of the storage between the auxiliary spillway and the Service Spillway crests within seven days? ☒ Yes ☐ No

33. Will the Service Spillway and the Auxiliary Spillway in combination evacuate the storage between the design high water and the auxiliary spillway crest? ☒ Yes ☐ No

enclosed hydrology calculations.

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS
ALBANY, N.Y. 12201

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT
CONSTRUCTION OF EARTH DAM AND APPURTENANCES
ROUND POND CREEK (TRIB. 0-121)

TOWN OF GREECE, N.Y.

DESCRIPTION OF DOWNSTREAM AREA

Situated immediately downstream (north) of the proposed construction on Round Pond Creek (Tributary 0-121) is the Green Acres Subdivision, a 60 lot development of single family homes constructed in the late 1960's. The creek travels along the easterly boundary of this subdivision, crossing Straub Road through a reinforced concrete box culvert.

From here the stream flows northerly parallel to Wood Road, through a residential subdivision. It then turns easterly and then northerly again, crossing Ridge Road (NYS Route 104) and continuing on parallel to Long Pond Road. Once past Maiden Lane, the creek enters a relatively undeveloped area of the Town. The stream bears north-easterly just before crossing Latta Road and continues out into Round Pond and Lake Ontario.

The area between the proposed construction site and Maiden Lane is mostly residential subdivision development, with some commercial areas in the vicinity of Ridge Road. Beyond Maiden Lane the areas adjacent to the creek are, for the most part, undeveloped as yet.

DAM INSPECTION REPORT
(By Visual Inspection)

Dam Number	River Basin	Town	County	Hazard Class	Date & Inspector
40A-4241	W. Ontario	Greece	Madison	C	7/5/77 SKK

Stream = Road Pond CR Owner = Town of Greece

Type of Construction

- ☒ Earth w/Concrete Spillway
☐ Earth w/Drop Inlet Pipe
☐ Earth w/Stone or Riprap Spillway
☐ Concrete
☐ Stone
☐ Timber
☐ Other _____

Use

- ☐ Water Supply
☐ Power
☐ Recreation - ☐ High Density
☐ Fish and Wildlife
☐ Farm Pond
☐ No Apparent Use-Abandoned
☒ Flood Control
☐ Other _____

Estimated Impoundment Size 0 Acres ¹²⁴ Estimated Height of Dam above Streambed 19 Ft.

Condition of Spillway

- ☒ Service satisfactory ☒ Auxiliary satisfactory
☐ In need of repair or maintenance ☐ In need of repair or maintenance

Explain: _____

Condition of Non-Overflow Section

- ☒ Satisfactory ☐ In need of repair or maintenance

Explain: _____

Condition of Mechanical Equipment

- ☒ Satisfactory ☐ In need of repair or maintenance

Explain: _____

Siltation

- ☐ High ☒ Low

Explain: _____

Remarks: _____

Evaluation (From Visual Inspection)

- ☐ Repairs req'd. beyond normal maint. ☒ No defects observed beyond normal maint.

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
DAM INSPECTION REPORT
(inspection)

County <u>Alb</u>	Hazard Class <u>C</u>	Date & Inspector <u>1/5/77 S.E.R.</u>
----------------------	--------------------------	--



Use Tool of Dam

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stone | <input type="checkbox"/> Water Supply |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Timber | <input type="checkbox"/> Power |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other | <input type="checkbox"/> Recreation - <input type="checkbox"/> High Density |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Fish and Wildlife |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Farm Pond |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> No Apparent Use-Abandoned |
| | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Flood Control |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Other |

Estimated Impoundment Size 0 Acres 124 Estimated Height of Dam above Streambed 8 Ft.

Condition of Spillway

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Service satisfactory	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Auxiliary satisfactory
<input type="checkbox"/> In need of repair or maintenance	<input type="checkbox"/> In need of repair or maintenance

Explain: _____

Condition of Non-Overflow Section

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Satisfactory	<input type="checkbox"/> In need of repair or maintenance
--	---

Explain: _____

Condition of Mechanical Equipment

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Satisfactory	<input type="checkbox"/> In need of repair or maintenance
--	---

Explain: _____

Siltation ☐ High ☐ Low

Explain: _____

EMERGENCY SPILLWAY DESIGN
STORMWATER DETENTION BASIN NO. 1
ROUND POND CREEK WATERSHED
DESCHEL DRIVE
TOWN OF GREECE, MONROE COUNTY, NY
MAY 1976

DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

1. Location - From a review of the topography around the Deschel Drive site and the desire to discharge excess stormwater flows back into the downstream channel, a location was selected on the northwest abutment of the proposed embankment.
2. NYSDEC Requirements - For a Class 'C' structure with a drainage area of 7.38 square miles, the following criteria apply:

Spillway Design Flood	-60% of maximum probable flood
Service Spillway Design Flood	-50 yr. recurrence interval
Minimum Freeboard	-2'
3. Upstream Characteristics - The upstream watershed area consists of 4725 acres (7.38 square miles) of land in various stages of development

and extending into the Towns of Ogden and Gates.

Although there are many undersized culverts and storm sewers in this area, they would provide little resistance to flows of the magnitude required for emergency spillway design.

Of particular concern, however, is the New York State Barge Canal which cuts through the watershed. The canal is elevated above the surrounding ground through the area, with three culverts conducting the Round Pond Creek tributaries underneath it. These culverts act as restrictions to excess stream flows, causing temporary ponding immediately upstream of the canal embankment. The locations and descriptions of each culvert follow:

Tributary No.	Approx. USGS Coordinates		Description*
	Latitude	Longitude	
0-121	43°11'03"N	77°43'35"E	4' x 4' Stone Arch
0-121-5	43°11'02"N	77°41'41"E	3.5' x 3.5' RC Arch
0-121-5-1	43°11'01"N	77°42'58"E	4' x 3' Stone Arch

*From Monroe County Drainage Study, Stage 1

A review of the situation determined that there are no plans for the NYSDOT to enlarge or replace these culverts under the canal. Further, the Town of Greece has adopted

drainage regulations which effectively would prohibit larger discharges from upstream of the canal area. These flow restrictions were, therefore, taken into consideration in determining theoretical flows for design of the emergency spillway.

FLOW CALCULATIONS

1. From Upstream of Canal Area - Restrictions at the canal were assumed to be operating under inlet control conditions. The maximum headwater depth possible was used in calculating discharge through each of the culverts. This was then considered as a constant rate and additive to any downstream flow rates.
2. Area between Canal and Proposed Project -
An analysis of soil types, vegetative cover, Town Zoning policies and topography was considered in arriving at a reasonable curve number (CN) for input into the SCS Hydrograph computations. The resulting maximum flow calculated was added to the "point discharges" from the canal to determine a maximum flow to the project site.

SPILLWAY SIZING

1. U.D. Flood Routing - The Upper Darby method of flood routing was used to determine spillway capacities and sizing, taking into consideration the additional storage created by building up a "head" over the spillway crest.

The calculations indicated excessive velocities at design flow for the soils involved. Due to the erodible nature of the soil and the desire not to decrease the amount of protection afforded by the basin, a concrete gravity emergency spillway was selected to handle the design flow.

**EMERGENCY SPILLWAY
DESIGN DATA SHEETS**

CURVE NUMBER DETERMINATION

(Area Downstream of Barge Canal)

Soil Group	% Within Area	Avg. CN under Full Development Conditions
A	0 %	--
B	41 %	65
C	17 %	77
D	42 %	84
Total Average CN		75

However, these numbers do not reflect Town policy towards stormwater detention and drainage. Town regulations require that development contribute no more runoff than that under agricultural conditions, or the existing land conditions prior to development. When this factor is taken into consideration, the CN is reduced to approximately 70. For calculations concerning this area, then, we will use a Curve Number = 70.

DISCHARGE CALCULATIONS

A. NYS Barge Canal Culverts

<u>Tributary No.</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Max. HW</u>	<u>Q/b</u>	<u>Q</u>
0-121	4' x 4' Stone Arch	11.4'	30 cfs	120 cfs
0-121-5	3.5' x 3.5' R.C. Arch	13.5'	35 cfs	122 cfs
0-121-5-1	4' x 3' Stone Arch	13.8'	35 cfs	140 cfs
Total discharge to downstream area				382 cfs

B. Downstream Area

from Hydrograph comps

$$60\% \times 8900 \text{ cfs} = 5340 \text{ cfs}$$

C. Combined Flow

$$A + B = 382 + 5340 = 5722 \text{ cfs}$$

MPF HYDROGRAPH COMPUTATION

(AREA DOWNSTREAM FROM CANAL)

DATE DEC. 11, 1975
COMPUTED BY WRV
CHECKED BY _____WATERSHED OR PROJECT ROUND BOND CREEK
S.W. DETENTION BASIN No. 1STATE N.Y.STRUCTURE SITE OR SUBAREA DESCHEL DRIVEDR. AREA 1.84 SQ. MI. STRUCTURE CLASS C T_c 1.47 HR. STORM DURATION 6 HR.POINT RAINFALL 23 IN.

ADJUSTED RAINFALL:

AREAL: FACTOR 1.0 IN. 23DURATION: FACTOR 1.0 IN. 23RUNOFF CURVE NO. 70 Q 18.5 IN.HYDROGRAPH FAMILY NO. 1COMPUTED T_p 1.03 HR. T_0 5.5 HR. (T_0/T_p) :COMPUTED 5.34; USED 6REVISED T_p 0.92 $q_p = \frac{484A}{REV. T_p} = \underline{968}$ CFS. $(QXq_p) = \underline{17,908}$ CFS. $(COLUMNS) = (1/T_p) REV. T_p$ $q(COLUMNS) = (q_c/q_p) QXq_p$ $Q(COLUMNS) = (Q_1/Q) Q$

	$t = (1/T_p) Rev. T_p$	$q = (q_c/q_p) QXq_p$	$Q_1 = (Q_1/Q) Q$
	t HOURS	q CFS	Q INCHES
1	0	0	0
2	.44	54	.0185
3	.98	322	.056
4	1.32	734	.22
5	1.76	1504	.59
6	2.20	3152	1.37
7	2.64	6912	3.05
8	3.08	8900	5.72
9	3.52	7700	8.49
10	3.96	5999	10.8
11	4.40	4620	12.6
12	4.84	3617	13.9
13	5.28	2937	15.0
14	5.72	2489	15.9
15	6.16	2221	16.7
16	6.60	1791	17.4
17	7.04	1074	17.9
18	7.48	591	18.2
19	7.92	322	18.3
20	8.36	161	18.4
21	8.80	90	18.4
22	9.24	54	18.5
23	9.68	36	18.5
24	10.12	18	18.5
25	10.56	0	18.5
26			
27			
28			
29			
30			
31			
32			
33			
34			

State N.Y. Watershed ROUND POND CREEK Site DESCHER DRIVE
Class _____ V_{US} = _____ AF V_{US} = _____ AF V_{ud} = _____ AF V_{ud} = _____ AF

Storm FREEDLAND (MPF) D A. 1.84 m² Runoff 18.5 in $Q_1 = \underline{5740}$ cfs
 Muskingum Factor 1 T_c/T_p 6 $V_2 = 53.33 \times \text{Runoff} \times \text{Factor} = \underline{1815}$ AF

$\phi =$ _____ cis $E_h =$ _____ Hz $V_{SH} =$ _____ GF $V_{SH}^{(0)} =$ _____
 $G_{SH} =$ _____ $V_{SH} =$ _____ GF $V_{SH}^{(0)} =$ _____

$E_0 = \underline{458.0}$ $I_0 = \underline{3}$ $I_1 = \underline{200}$ $V_{SD}/V_1 = \underline{0.248}$
 $V_1 = \underline{450.1}$ $I_2 = \underline{2}$ $I_3 = \underline{1}$ $V_{SD}/(V_1 + V_2) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $I_4 = \underline{50}$ $I_5 = \underline{45}$ $I_6 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $V_{SD}/V_1 = \underline{0.26}$
 $I_7 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $I_8 = \underline{0.008}$ $I_9 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $V_{SD}/V_1 = \underline{0.012}$

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	V_{IN} AF	V_{SW} AF	V_{SW}/V_I	V_{SW}/V_I	Q_1/Q_I	Q_C cfs	Q_e cfs	H_p ft	Q_2/L	D ft	v fps
459		540	0.298	0.310	0.93	5338	5288	1.0	1.90	2783	3.8
460		652	0.359	0.371	0.80	4592	4542	2.0	6.22	730	5.8
461		772	0.425	0.437	0.66	3788	3738	3.0	12.7	294	7.4
462		900	0.496	0.508	0.54	3100	3050	4.0	21.1	145	8.8

Surface elevation (E_w) - (ft.)

Velocity (V) - fps

urgency, Sunday 10/18/80 - "

EMERGENCY SPILLWAY & EXIT CHANNEL CALCULATIONS

1. From U.D. Flood Routing Chart, $Q_E = 3738$ cfs, where Q_E is a routed discharge; ie, it takes into account additional storage available when the 'head' over the crest of the spillway builds up.

$$Q = CLH^{3/2} \quad \text{for broad-crested weirs,}$$

$$C \approx 3.25 \text{ to } 3.35$$

$$\therefore \text{ use } C = 3.30$$

$$H = 3.0'$$

$$L = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\therefore 3738 = 3.30 \times L \times (3)^{3/2}$$

$$= 17.15L$$

$$217.9' = L$$

\therefore make spillway 218' long.

2. If tailwater depth in exit channel exceeds top of spillway crest: $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ would not be valid. Therefore, make exit channel such that this does not occur.

AD-A105 726

STETSON-DALE UTICA NY

NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM. ROUND POND CREEK DAM (INVENTORY NU--ETC(U)

F/G 13/13

JUN 81 J B STETSON

DACW51-81-C-0009

NL

UNCLASSIFIED

2 of 2

20
WORK



END

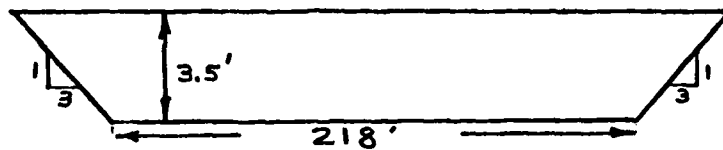
DATE

FILMED

11 11

DTIC

Assume a depth in exit channel = 3.5'



$$Q = AV = A \times \frac{1.49}{n} R^{2/3} S^{1/2}$$

$$= 800 \times \frac{1.49}{.04} \times 2.23 \times .0548$$

$$= 3641 \text{ cfs}$$

A	=	800
WP	=	240
R	=	3.33
$R^{2/3}$	=	2.23
S	=	.0030
$S^{1/2}$	=	.0548
n	=	0.04

∴ depth in exit channel will be slightly greater than 3.5', say 3.6'.

∴ The tailwater height will not exceed the spillway crest elevation, and will not affect the performance of the spillway itself.

Velocity in exit channel

$V = \frac{1.49}{n} R^{2/3} S^{1/2} = 4.55 \text{ fps} \rightarrow$ this is a marginal allowable velocity for these soils. However, for lesser flows, the velocity will also decrease; therefore, this appears satisfactory.

L. Conner/S. Eccels - Environ. Analysis
W. Richter/G. Koch - FACH
Round Pond Creek (Town of Groesbe) Appl. No. 828-76-140

June 23, 1976

We have reviewed the Hydrology and Hydraulics for the proposed structure and have the following comments:

Emergency Spillway (Sheet 11 of 26)

In Section C-C the top of the wall should be raised so that it is at the same elevation as the top of dam (Elev. 463.0).

Discharge Structure Outlet (Sheet 9 of 26)

The cut-off wall should be located at the downstream end of the energy dissipator.

I have discussed these two comments with William Van Alst of Larsen Engineers. The above revisions will be covered by change order. We will receive a copy of the revised plans.

WR:CK:bt

PRELIMINARY
ENGINEERING REPORT

ROUND POND
WATERSHED
RETENTION BASIN NO. 1
DESCHEL DRIVE

A Recommended Facility
under the
Town of Greece Natural Stream
Improvement and Protection
Implementation Program
(I.P.I.P.)

TOWN OF GREECE
MONROE COUNTY, NEW YORK

MARCH 1975

WILLIAM C. LARSEN, P. E.
Civil-Sanitary-Municipal
ENGINEERING
44 Saginaw Drive - Rochester, N.Y. 14623

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page NO.</u>
LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.	
PRECIS.	1
GENERAL BACKGROUND.	2
UPLAND CHARACTERISTICS.	4
RECOMMENDED SOLUTION.	5
DISCUSSION OF LAND ACQUISITION.	6
COMPATIBILITY OF SOLUTION WITH TOWN-WIDE DRAINAGE STUDY.	8
OTHER CONSIDERATIONS.	9
COST ESTIMATES	11
SCHEDULING	11
APPENDICES	
Cost Estimate (based upon preliminary information).	13
Recommended Program Scheduling.	14
Soils Map and Descriptive Data.	15
Deschel Drive Ponding Area - Storage Capability . . .	17
Storage Requirement Calculations.	18
NYSDOT Letter	19
Deschel Drive Ponding Area - Preliminary Site Plan .	20

PRECIS

Round Pond Creek frequently overtops its banks and causes severe flooding problems, particularly in the Wood Road area and environs. Additionally, the peak rates of runoff contribute to channel-bank erosion with subsequent loss of land, siltation of streams (thereby reducing the hydraulic capacity) and accelerated filling of wetlands and marshlands in the Round Pond area, destroying the ecosystem of these valuable environmental assets.

Because of the magnitude of peak flows and the fact that considerable building has already taken place in the watershed it is recommended that an "on-stream" stormwater detention basin be built in the open land south of Deschel Drive, utilizing the natural stream valley topography for temporary storage. This area can then be left in a "forever-wild" state or developed gradually for informal recreation. No stripping of ground cover, or alteration of the land, in the basin area is contemplated or recommended.

The total cost of the facility, including land, is anticipated to be approximately \$630,000 of which the major portion is for land acquisition. Since the land-use can be multi-purpose we urge the Town to investigate the possibility of Federal funding under the Bureau of Outdoor Recreation Grant Program or under the State of New York Wetlands Preservation Program.

I GENERAL BACKGROUND

The Round Pond Watershed is located in the central portion of the Town of Greece and is characterized by moderate development within its limits. Round Pond Creek is the westernmost and largest of the three major drainageways serving the watershed area.

Flooding and flood-related erosion problems have plagued residents along Round Pond Creek during periods of heavy rainfall and/or snow-melt conditions. The most severe conditions occur in the developed area along the creek between Deschel Drive on the south and the Wegman "Ridgemont Plaza" property on the north. Included in this area are residents of Deschel Drive, Round Creek Drive, Cherry Creek Lane, Straub Road, and Wood Road. Similar flooding problems on Medallion Drive, Medallion Circle and Mandarin Drive are caused by storm water backup due to high water levels in Round Pond Creek.

This office became aware of these problems during the preparation of the Townwide Drainage Study

completed in July, 1974. The seriousness of the problem was clearly evident during the heavy rainfall and resulting flooding of May 17, 1974.

When the Town Board solicited citizen input for the Townwide Drainage Study, nearly 30% of all comments within the entire Round Pond Watershed came from the above-described area.

Consistent with the recommendations of the Townwide Drainage Study, the Town Board on Jan. 21, 1975 authorized this office to perform Engineering services to "size" and determine preliminarily the cost of stormwater detention facilities to be located south of Deschel Drive. While the overall solution to the problems includes remedial channel work along Wood Road and additional detention facilities to the west, it is felt that the subject facility south of Deschel Drive would be the first and most significant step in a phased program to alleviate the present day flooding and erosion problems along this tributary.

II UPLAND CHARACTERISTICS

The proposed impoundment site receives stormwater runoff from approximately 4725 upland acres, 1721 of those acres being outside the limits of the Town of Greece.

While moderate development characterizes the area which itself experiences the flooding problems, the upland area southerly to the Barge Canal is generally open land. Developed land is more prevalent south of the Canal and into the Town of Gates.

The main channel in the upland area is well-defined and generally free-flowing. However, flow of surface runoff is somewhat restricted by three (3) culverts under the Barge Canal and peak rates are reduced by the natural retentive characteristics of the lowlands adjacent to the south bank of the Canal.

Should these restrictions under the Canal be enlarged, peak flows downstream could increase under

certain return frequencies. While it is our understanding that the NYSDOT, as a matter of policy, does not enlarge such facilities, nevertheless provision for such future action should be considered. The hydraulic studies performed for this report in connection with detention pond sizing have taken into account and provided for future enlargement of culverts under the Barge Canal.

III RECOMMENDED SOLUTION

In accordance with the preliminary recommendations made in the Townwide Drainage Study, it is proposed to construct a stormwater detention basin south of Deschel Drive. Maximum allowable outflow, based on the capacity of the existing stream, and local stormwater contributions, would be 20± cfs. Since outflow is a function of the height of water stored, "normal" discharge would be less than 20 cfs. Maximum ponding elevation would be to 459.0 (USGS datum). This would require approximately 120 acres of land acquisition and would provide 490 acre feet

of storage based on the existing topography and assuming no excavation other than that required for dam construction. (Based upon County Planning Dept. 1" = 200' aerial manuscripts) Sizing is such as to provide for a storm recurrence interval of 50 years. Emergency spillway facilities, of course, will be sized for the maximum flow anticipated from this watershed.

IV DISCUSSION OF LAND ACQUISITION

A map showing proposed land acquisition is included in the appendix. Generally it is suggested that the Town purchase land bounded on the north by the dam and on the remaining sides by the 459.0 contour, that being the maximum anticipated flooding elevation.

We have purposefully not recommended purchase of a large regular, rectangular, easily identifiable parcel of land but rather a very irregular, random shaped parcel. It is felt that the benefit derived

from such an acquisition is greater than the benefit from simply taking a large rectangular parcel including much unneeded land.

First of all, the random shape of the proposed area actually invites innovative planning for the development of the surrounding adjacent lands. Second, it allows the bordering lands to remain privately owned. This, we feel, is proper since the "forever-wild" condition of the proposed facility may very well cause the surrounding land to be a prime development area.

In an effort to control flood damage and to preserve environmentally sensitive areas, the Town has adopted standards to prohibit development in flood-prone and otherwise environmentally sensitive areas. This existing ordinance coupled with this office's proposal to create multi-purpose corridors along all the Town's drainageways would seem to indicate that much of the land proposed to be acquired is of little monetary value for development purposes.

V COMPATIBILITY OF SOLUTION WITH TOWNWIDE DRAINAGE STUDY

This project coupled with the proposed Larkin Creek stormwater retention facility constitute the two highest priority recommendations of the Natural Stream Improvement and Protection Implementation Program as recommended in the Townwide Drainage Study. The reader is directed to the following portions of that study to examine the original comments relative to this project:

Section one - page 35 relative to retention basins

Section two - page 195 and 200 relative to the Deschel Drive - Wood Road problems

Section three - relative to the Implementation of the Natural Stream Improvement and Protection Program.

Summarizing, the Drainage Study recommends the use of retention basins as a solution to present drainage and flooding problems and particularly recommends

one to be located south of Deschel Drive. This more detailed study sees no reason to modify or change those original recommendations.

We conclude, therefore, that the recommendations made herein are in fact consistent with the goals and recommendations of the original Master Drainage Plan.

VI OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

While the facilities proposed herein are intended to alleviate present flooding and flood-related problems, pressures for development in the upland areas will continue. If measures are not taken to require adequately sized drainage facilities for these developments a completely new series of drainage-related problems could be created. Furthermore, large parcels of undeveloped land may not then be available for on-stream stormwater retention. The need for a continuing program of drainage control cannot be over-emphasized.

This office has considered, and does still consider, the solution of problems in the subject area to be solved as a result of more than one capital improvement project. That is, while a retention basin south of Deschel Drive will undoubtedly provide substantial relief from the present problems, it is really only a part of the overall solution to the problem. Additional retention facilities were originally recommended for the area north of Mandarin Drive and may yet be required for a full solution. In addition, remedial channel work is required along Wood Road to prevent further bank erosion and sloughing with resulting loss of land. Although the new retention basin will substantially reduce the present day erosive velocity in the stream, the unstable banks will continue to erode until such time as they are stabilized by either flattening the slopes or installing some type of retaining wall structure.

VII COST ESTIMATE

Anticipated capital costs are shown in the attached appendix.

VIII SCHEDULING

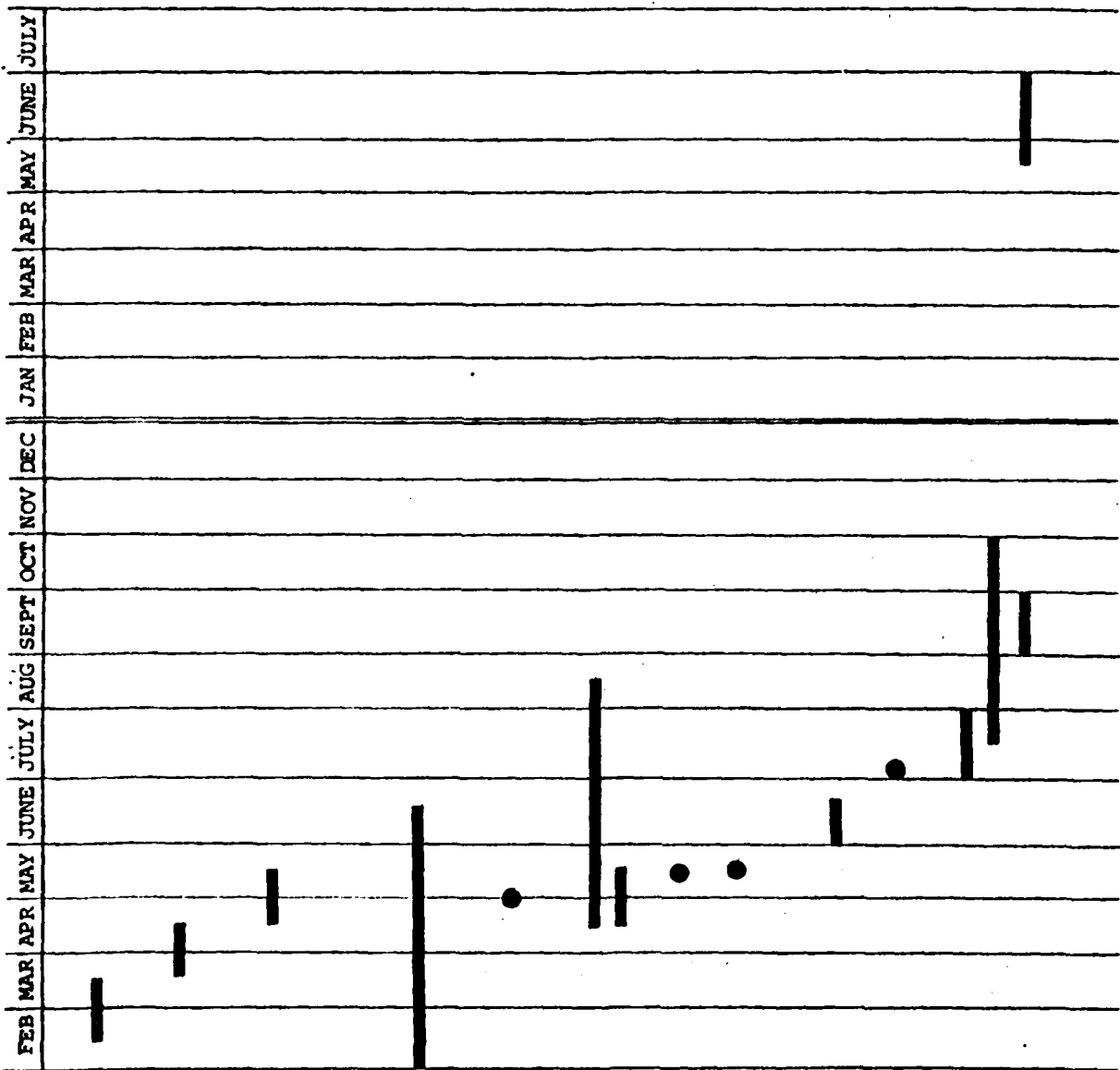
A recommended Development Schedule is included as an appendix.

APPENDICES

ENGINEER'S ESTIMATE *
RETENTION POND & DISCHARGE STRUCTURE
TO BE LOCATED SOUTH OF DESCHEL DRIVE

Lump Sum	Clearing & Grubbing	\$37,500
16,500 CY	Berm Construction @ 4.50/CY	74,250
Lump Sum	Discharge Control Structure	18,000
Lump Sum	Emergency Spillway and Channel	35,000
Lump Sum	Seepage Control Facilities	30,250
Lump Sum	Restoration, Grading & Seeding	15,000
		<hr/>
Total Construction Cost		\$210,000
Plus 10% Contingent		21,000
Plus 18% legal, admin., Eng., survey inspection		39,000
		<hr/>
TOTAL ESTIMATED COST		\$270,000

* This cost estimate does not include any allowance for land acquisition.



Preparation of Preliminary Engineering Report by Consulting Engineer

Review by Town Engineer, Town Board, and Conservation Commission

Report by Finance Committee and Town Attorney relative to financing under Town-wide Drainage District or otherwise

Creation of Town-wide Drainage District including advertisement, public hearings, approval of financing, and establishment of District

Authorization to undertake detailed engineering, preparation of plans and specifications

Land Acquisition Negotiations

Detailed engineering, plans & specs

Submittal to Town Board

Submittal to DEC for approval under Section 429(c) of the Conservation Law

Advertise for Bids

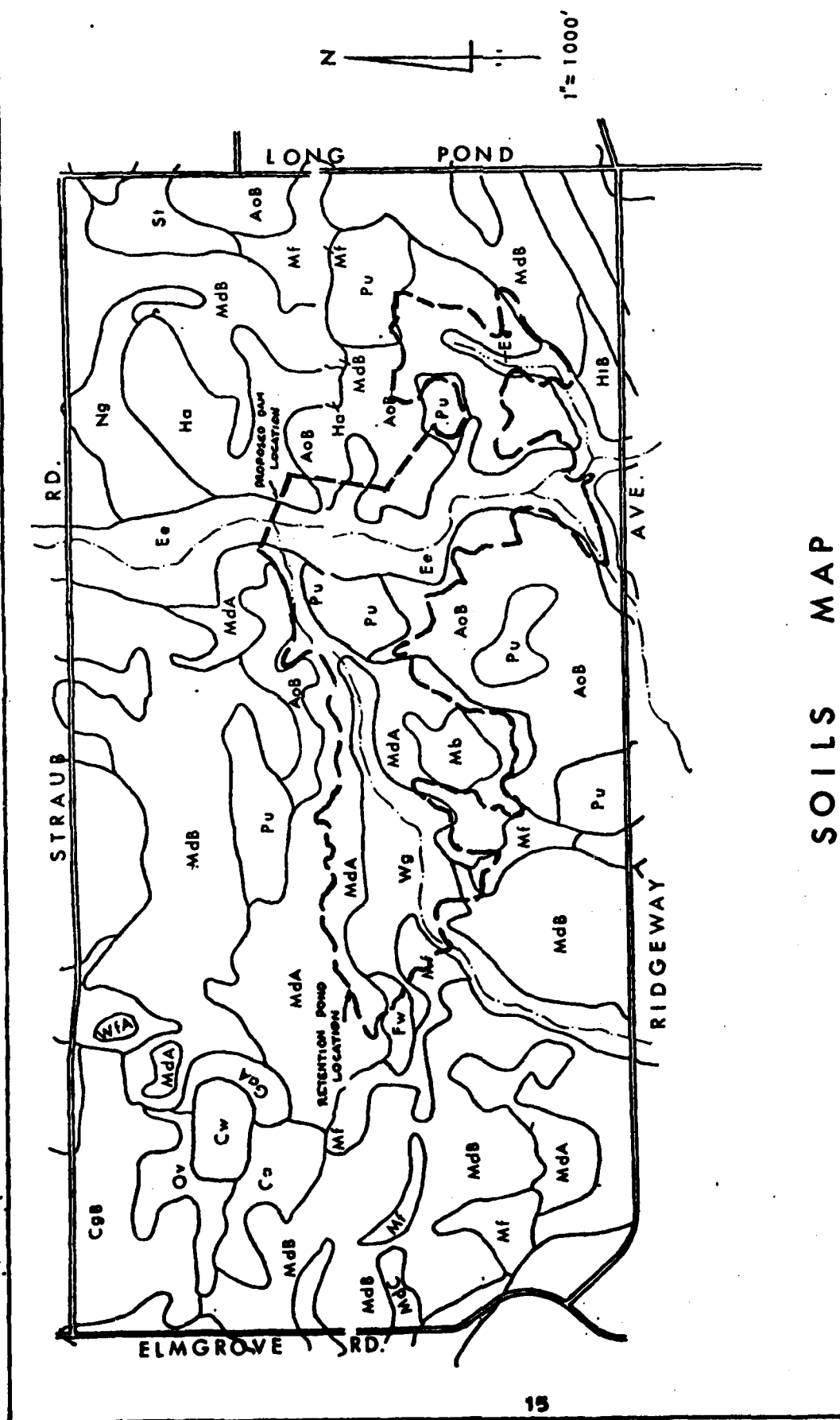
Award Contract

Construct

Clearing and Grubbing

Earthwork and structures

Seeding & Site Restoration



SOIL TYPES

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>
AoB	<u>Alten Gravelly Loam, 3-4 percent slopes</u> Variable bearing capacity; rapid permeability; well drained in most places
Ca	<u>Canandaigua Silt Loam</u> High water table; sand lenses subject to seepage, fair to poor stability; subject to piping
CgB	<u>Cazenovia Gravelly Loam, 3-8 percent slopes</u> poor top soil, seasonal high water table, slow permeability
Cw	<u>Cut and Fill Land</u> Variably sloped, consists of areas where at least 3 feet of soil material has been removed and used as fill for construction projects; remaining soil is predominantly loamy.
Ee	<u>Eel Silt Loam</u> Seasonal high water table; subject to flooding, fair to poor stability, highly erodible silty material subject to piping.
Fw	<u>Fresh Water Marsh</u> Water on or near the surface; variable soil materials
EaA	<u>Galen Very Fine Sandy Loam, 0-2 percent slopes</u> Seasonal high water table, poor stability, subject to piping in fine sands; underlain in places by wet, compressible material.
Ha	<u>Halsey Gravelly Loam</u> Prolonged high water table; adequate foundation strength, rapid permeability; good stability.
Mb	<u>Made Land</u> Areas filled with waste; variable soil materials

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>
Mda	<u>Madrid Fine Sandy Loam, 0-3 Percent Slopes</u> Moderate-high bearing capacity; seasonal high water table; rapid permeability
MdB & MdC	Same as Mda (above), except gently undulating slopes in MdB; steeper slopes and gravel pockets in MdC.
Me	<u>Massena Fine Sandy Loam</u> Good fill material; seasonal high water table; moderate bearing capacity, rapid permeability, some stones
Ov	<u>Ovid Silt Loam</u> Seasonal high water table; high bearing capacity; moderate permeability; good stability and shear strength
Pu	<u>Pits and Quarries</u> Excavated areas; soil materials are variable
Ng	<u>Niagara Silt Loam</u> Adequate strength for low embankments, poor permeability, silt and fine sand subject to piping in embankments; seasonal high water table.
St	<u>Sun Loam, moderately shallow variant</u> Prolonged high water table, cut slopes unstable; shallow limestone bedrock
Wg	<u>Wayland Silt Loam</u> Prolong high water table; subject to frequent flooding; poorly drained.

STORAGE REQUIREMENT DATA

Criteria:

1. Design Recurrence Interval = 50 years
2. Runoff Coefficient of Imperviousness = 40%
3. Acreage of Watershed = 4725 Acres
4. Allowable Outflow = 20 cfs

Method of Storage Determination:

Analytical Method (Calculus) as developed by Glen Yrjanainen and Alan W. Warren - Oakland County, Michigan, Engineering Dept.

$$I_{so} = \frac{200}{T + 25} \quad \text{rainfall intensity, Monroe County}$$

$$Q_o = \text{Maximum outflow per acre - imperviousness}$$

$$V_n = \text{Volume of inflow (ft}^3/\text{Ac)}$$

$$V_o = \text{Volume of outflow (ft}^3/\text{Ac)}$$

$$V_s = \text{Maximum storage Volume required per acre- imperviousness}$$

$$V_t = \text{Maximum storage volume required (ft}^3\text{)}$$

$$Q_o = \frac{20 \text{ cfs}}{4725 \text{ Ac} \times 0.40} + 0.011 \text{ cfs/Acre-imperviousness}$$

$$V_n = V_n = \frac{200}{T + 25} \times T \times 60 = \frac{12000T}{T + 25}$$

$$V_o = 40 Q_o T = 40 \times 0.011 \times T = 0.44T$$

$$V_s = V_n - V_o = \frac{12000T}{T + 25} - 0.44T = 11,284 \text{ ft}^3 / \text{Acre-imperviousness}$$

$$V_t = V_s \times A_{xc} = 21,326,710 \text{ ft}^3 = 490 \text{ Acre-feet}$$

NEW YORK STATE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Raymond T. Schuler, Commissioner



Region 4 Office: 1530 Jefferson Road, Rochester, New York 14623

March 4, 1975

RECEIVED

MAR 5 1975

WM. C. LARSEN, P. E.

William Larsen
44 Saginaw Drive
Rochester, New York 14623

Attention: Wm. Van Alst

Dear Mr. Van Alst:

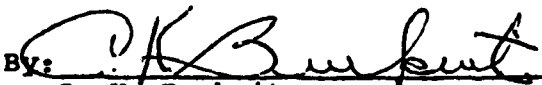
This letter is written to confirm our discussion this morning relative to our drainage policy along the Canal. When the Canal was constructed, the culverts under the Canal were designed to satisfactorily accommodate the storm drainage at that time. As you know the towns have the responsibility and capability to regulate development and drainage in their respective townships. If it should become necessary to increase the capacity of a culvert under the Canal the New York State Department of Transportation, upon receiving appropriate engineering drawings and specifications, will issue a permit so that the town may enlarge any culvert.

If you have any more questions on this matter, please do not hesitate to contact this office.

Very truly yours,

A. J. Kopczynski
Regional Director of Transportation

By:


C. K. Burkwit
Regional Waterways Maint. Engineer

AJK:CKB:ja

REFERENCE: DES RET P, 2331.00

EXPLORATION AND TESTING (CON'T.)

locations in the emergency spillway were established by your office. All test pits were excavated under our full-time supervision. Samples were taken back to our laboratory for testing. Test pit locations are shown on Figure 1, following this page. Test pit logs are enclosed in Appendix B.

The testing program was set up to determine soil types and the suitability of the onsite material for embankment fill, and consisted of grain size analyses and natural moisture content determinations. Test data are enclosed in Appendix A.

SOIL AND ROCK CONDITIONS

Topsoil thickness, except for a few bare spots, varies from 4 to 18 inches, but is commonly less than 12 inches. Underlying the topsoil are, in order: fill, stratified silty sands and gravels, glacial till and bedrock. All materials were not encountered everywhere.

Fill between Sta. 21+50 and 26+50 was apparently placed to provide tractor access across a wet area. The fill is a mixture of topsoil and silty sands. An isolated pocket of organic fill was encountered in Test Pit TH-5.

The thickness of the stratified silty sands and gravels exceeds test pit depths at the north abutment, south of Sta. 20+00 on the dam centerline, and in the borrow areas.

REFERENCE: DES RET P, 2331.00

SOIL AND ROCK CONDITIONS (CON'T.)

The deposits are generally red-brown in color and medium dense. The individual strata vary in extent and composition, and range from silt and sand through silty sand and gravel to relatively clean gravel with little or no fines. Silty sands are most common. Gravel layers were usually less than a foot thick.

Glacial till was within test pit depth only between Sta. 2+00 and 20+00 and at the east end of the emergency spillway. The till is a dense, red, unsorted deposit of silt, sand and gravel, with a trace of clay. Pockets with proportionally more or less of each constituent material may be encountered.

Bedrock between Round Pond Creek and Sta. 9+00 is mostly Grimsby Sandstone. Its surface is moderately weathered. The softer Queenston Shale in the deepest test pit (TH-17) confirmed the contact of the two formations.

Soil and rock profiles are shown on Figure 2, following this page.

Several of the test pits were dry. Groundwater elevations varied between 447 and 451. Groundwater levels near the creek are controlled by the creek level. Note that groundwater levels were recorded in September and November, after a dry fall. Levels will

jpc
pe

REFERENCE: DES RET P, 2331.00

SOIL AND ROCK CONDITIONS (CON'T.)

probably rise one or two feet through the winter season. South of Sta. 20+00 ground surfaces were wet, in spots, at the time of our investigation, despite the dry fall.

DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

General

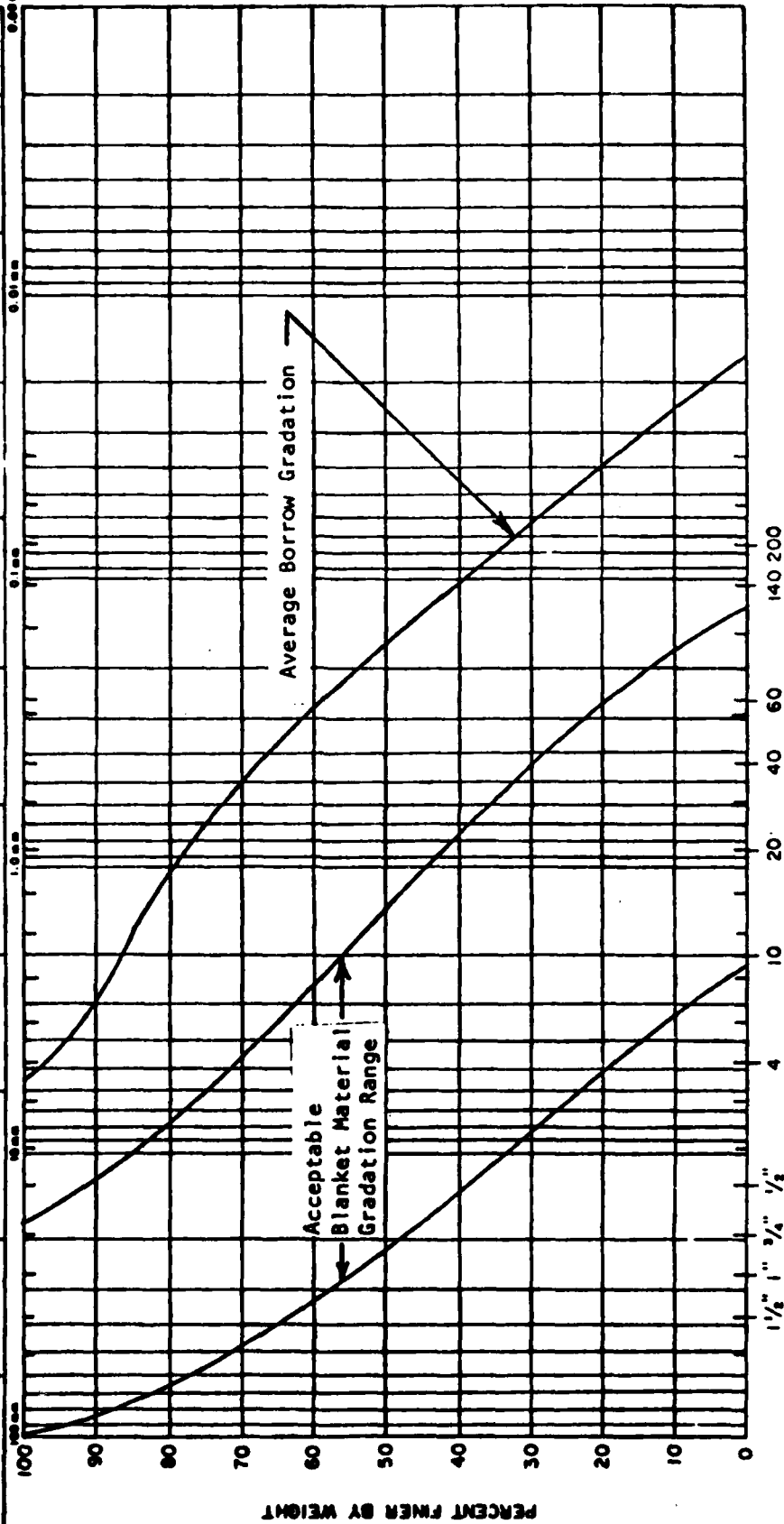
We recommend that the dam be constructed as a homogeneous compacted earth fill dam with upstream and downstream slopes of 3 on 1. The crest should be at least 12 feet wide. Earth available on site can be used for embankment fill provided strict control of material quality and placement is exercised. (See Field Control and Testing.)

The slopes are flatter than those normally recommended for the onsite materials.¹ However, the variability of our borrow necessitates use of some materials only marginally acceptable as fill for homogeneous fill dam construction. The flatter slopes are recommended to lengthen seepage paths, maintain dam stability and reduce surface erosion.

¹United States Department of the Interior, Design of Small Dams, 1st. ed., United States Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1965, p.199

SHEET NO. 1 OF 30

MIT CLASSIFICATION	GRAVEL			SAND			SILT			CLAY
	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	



U.S. STANDARD BRASS SIEVE SIZES

Blanket Gradation
JAMES R. COLLINS & ASSOCIATES INC.
CONSULTING SOILS AND FOUNDATION ENGINEERS

Figure 3



TOWN of GREECE

2505 RIDGE ROAD WEST
ROCHESTER, NEW YORK, 14626 • 716-225-2000

RECEIVED

MAR 24 1981

STETSON-DALE

March 23, 1981

F.W. Byszewski, P.E., L.S.
Stetson-Dale
185 Genesee Street
Utica, New York 13501

ATTN: Jerry Gomez

RE: Corps of Engineers
Dam Safety Inspections

Gentlemen:

Enclosed, per your request, please find the following information pertaining to the operation, maintenance and performance of two manually-controlled stormwater detention basins located in the Town of Greece:

- 1) Peak stage elevations and date of occurrence
- 2) Sample copies of operation records
- 3) Buck Pond Detailed Drainage Study, Page 83

We are presently revising our Stage-Storage Curve for the Deschel Drive basin to correct the drafting errors which you brought to our attention.

We were unsuccessful in obtaining photographs of either detention basin in a partially-filled condition this spring.

Please contact me if you have additional questions or comments on this matter.

Very truly yours,

James S. Peet, P.E.
Town Engineer

Encl.

Peak Stage Elevations at Round Pond Creek Detention Basin
(Deschel Drive)

<u>Date</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Stage</u> (USGS Elev.)	<u>Control Gate Opening</u>
3-9-77	9:00 A.M.	454.77	0.98' opened to 1.12'
3-10-77	9:00 A.M.	454.05	1.12' unchanged
	4:15 P.M.	453.81	1.12' unchanged
3-11-77	12:00 Noon	453.40	1.12' unchanged
12-15-77	2:30 P.M.	456.0 \pm	1.00' unchanged
12-19-77	2:15 P.M.	457.0 \pm	1.00' "
	4:00 P.M.	457.0 \pm	1.00' opened to 1.10'
12-20-77	11:00 A.M.	Unknown	1.10' opened to 1.20'
	1:00 P.M.	"	1.20' opened to 1.30'
12-21-77	3:00 P.M.	"	1.30' unchanged
12-30-77	4:15 P.M.	449 \pm	1.30' closed to 1.0'
3-22-78	5:30 P.M.	456.0 \pm	1.0' opened to 1.15'
3-23-78	9:00 A.M.	457.0 \pm	1.15' opened to 1.35'
3-24-78	10:30 A.M.	457.2 \pm	1.35' unchanged
3-25-78	7:30 P.M.	456.2 \pm	1.35' unchanged
3-27-78	9:30 A.M.	454.0 \pm	1.35' unchanged
3-31-78	4:00 P.M.	449 \pm	1.35' closed to 1.15'
2-17-81	10:30 A.M.	451.5	1.45' unchanged
2-19-81	12:00 Noon	449-	1.45' "
2-20-81	11:30 A.M.	453.3	1.45' "
2-21-81	12:00 Noon	454.8	1.45' "
2-25-81	2:00 P.M.	451.0	1.45' "

Note: Gage Post Installed and marked in January, 1979.
Service Spillway is 48" dia. RCP with manually
operated sluice gate.
Downstream channel capacity limited during 1977-1978
by construction of North-South Interceptor Sewer.

DESCHSEL DRIVE DETENTION BASIN

INSPECTION CHECK LIST

DATE: 29 91

TIME: 2:00

INSPECTED BY: B. J. [Signature]

ITEMS TO BE CHECKED

- i) GATE AND LOCK AT CHERRY CREEK LANE:**

o.k

- 2) GATE AND LOCK AT RIDGEWAY AVENUE:**

1

- ### 3) GATE AND LOCK AT CONTROL STRUCTURE:

Small Animals

- 4) OPENING HEIGHT OF CONTROL GATE:**

EXISTING HEIGHT:

CHANGED TO:

1.45

- 5) COMMENTS :**

DESCHEL DRIVE DETENTION BASIN
INSPECTION
CHECK LIST

DATE: 3/16/81

TIME: 2:00

INSPECTED BY: R. Johnson

ITEMS TO BE CHECKED

1) GATE AND LOCK AT CHERRY CREEK LANE:

O.K.

2) GATE AND LOCK AT RIDGEWAY AVENUE:

O.K.

3) GATE AND LOCK AT CONTROL STRUCTURE:

O.K.

4) OPENING HEIGHT OF CONTROL GATE:

EXISTING HEIGHT:

CHANGED TO:

7.5'

7.5'

5) COMMENTS:

DESCHEL DRIVE DETENTION BASIN
INSPECTION
CHECK LIST

DATE: ~~11/18/80~~ 11/18/80

TIME: 11:15

INSPECTED BY: B.J.

ITEMS TO BE CHECKED

1) GATE AND LOCK AT CHERRY CREEK LANE:

O.K.

2) GATE AND LOCK AT RIDGEWAY AVENUE:

O.K.

3) GATE AND LOCK AT CONTROL STRUCTURE:

O.K.

4) OPENING HEIGHT OF CONTROL GATE:

EXISTING HEIGHT:

CHANGED TO:

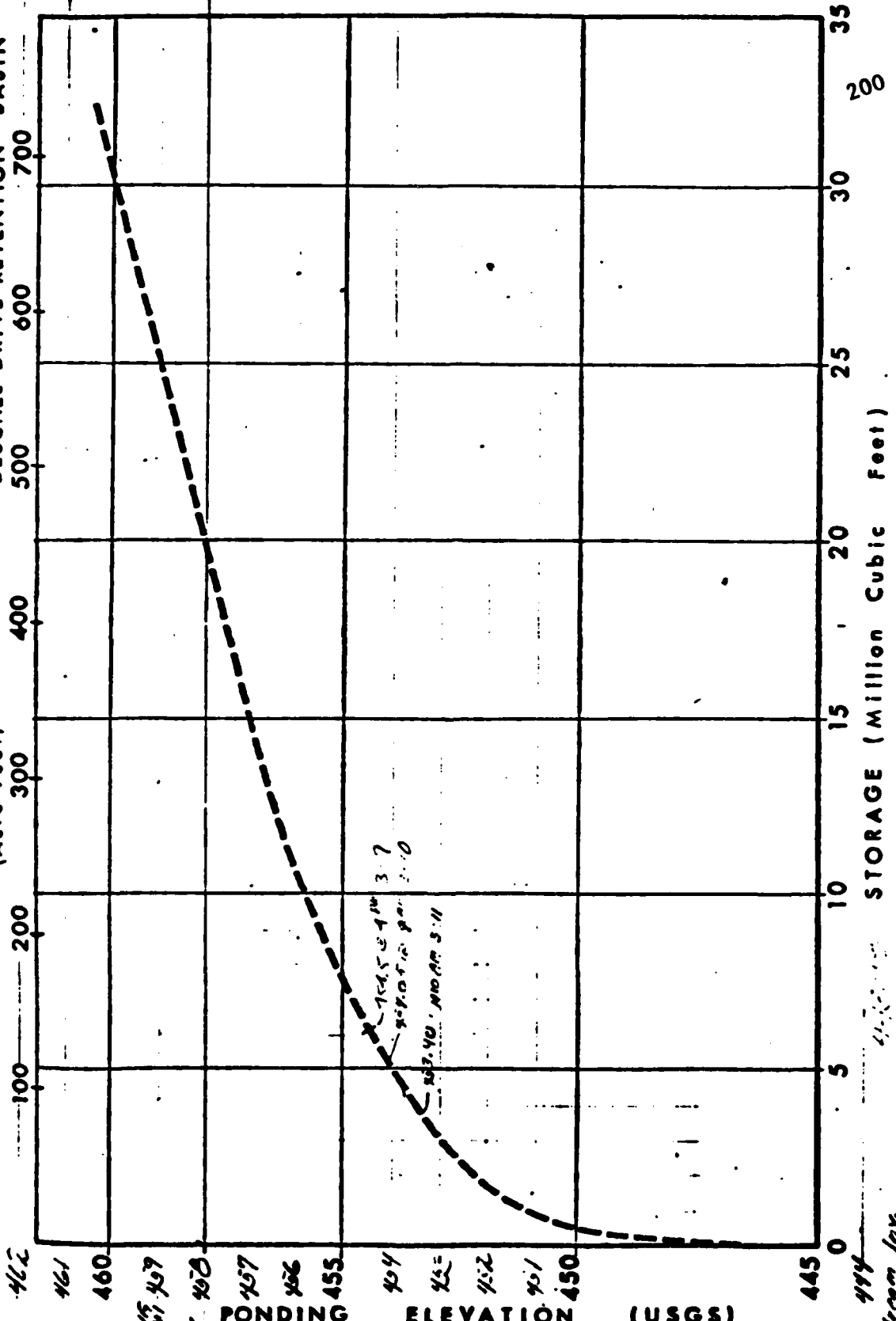
1.45'

5) COMMENTS:

SP OF 463

DESCHTEL DRIVE RETENTION BASIN

(Acres Feet)



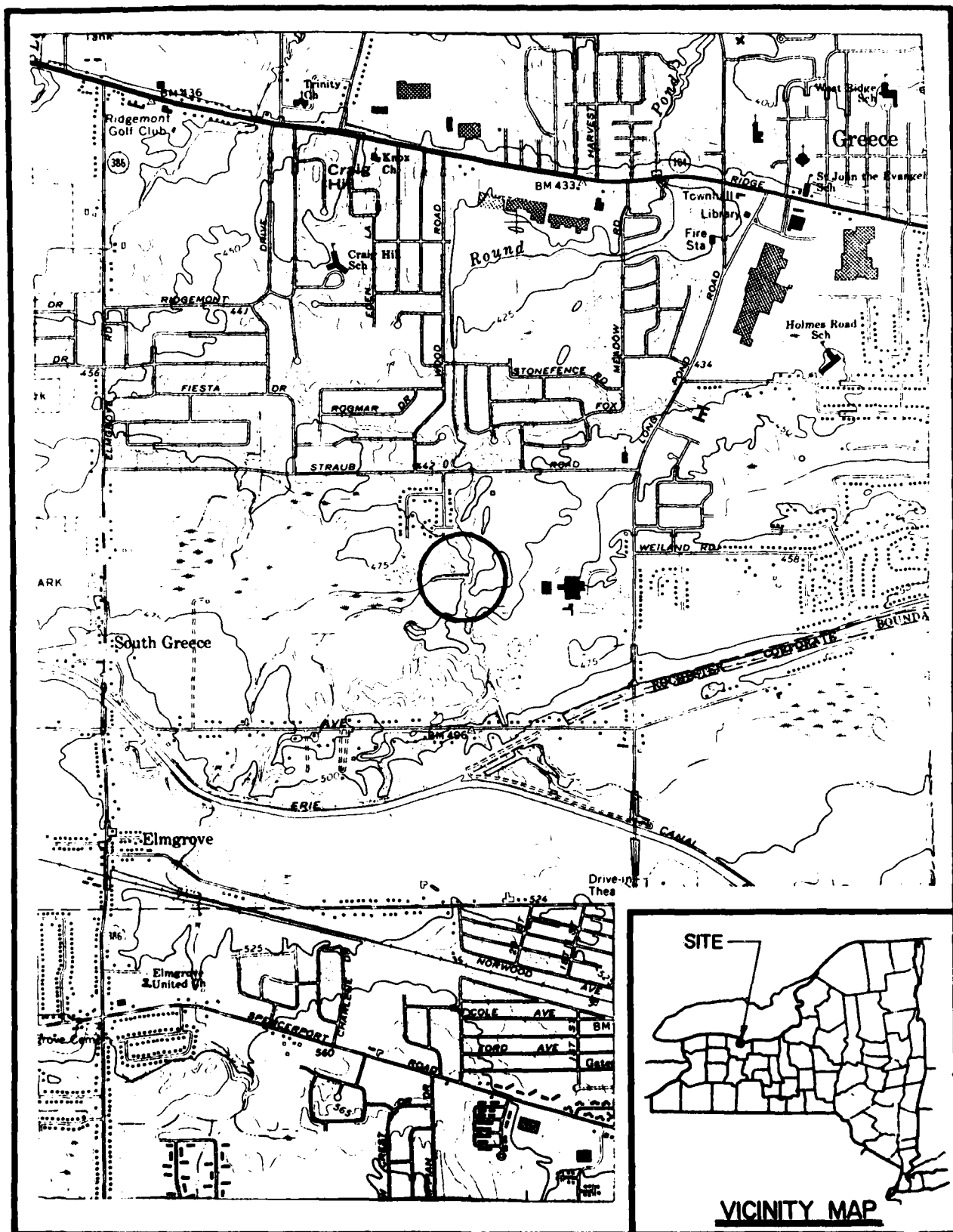
NATURAL PONDING - APPROXIMATE STORAGE CAPABILITY
 ROUND POND CEEFER
 DETENTION FACILITY

DATED: 3/9/77

Western Inv.
 Control Structure

APPENDIX F

DRAWINGS



LOCATION PLAN

SCALE 1:2000

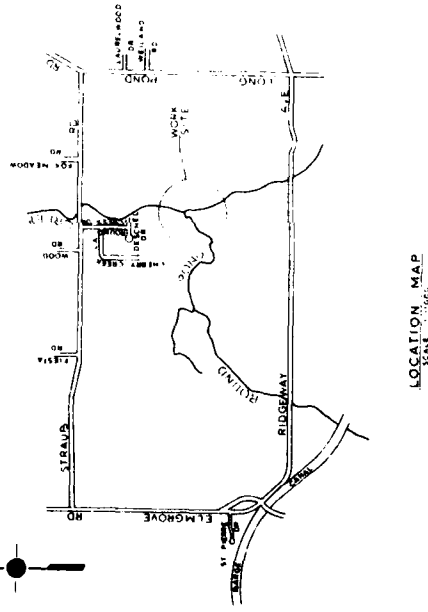
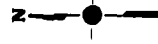
0 1000 2000 3000 4000



CONTRACT FOR CONSTRUCTION OF EARTH DAM AND APPURTENANCES

ROUND POND CREEK STORMWATER DETENTION FACILITY NUMBER ONE-DESCHTEL DRIVE

TOWN OF GREECE DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 24
MONROE COUNTY, NEW YORK



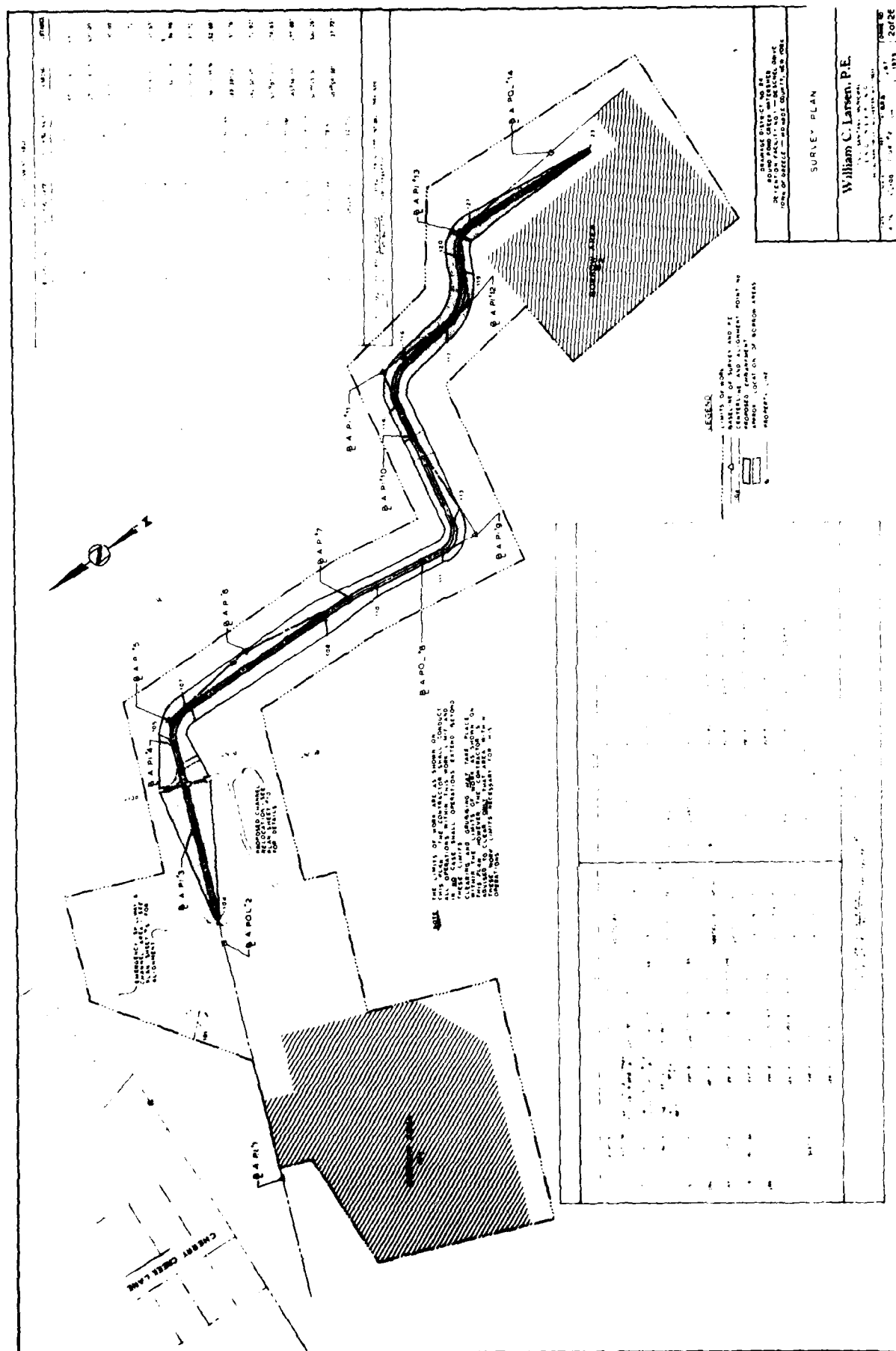
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2	2. E. SHEET
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5	5. E. SHEET
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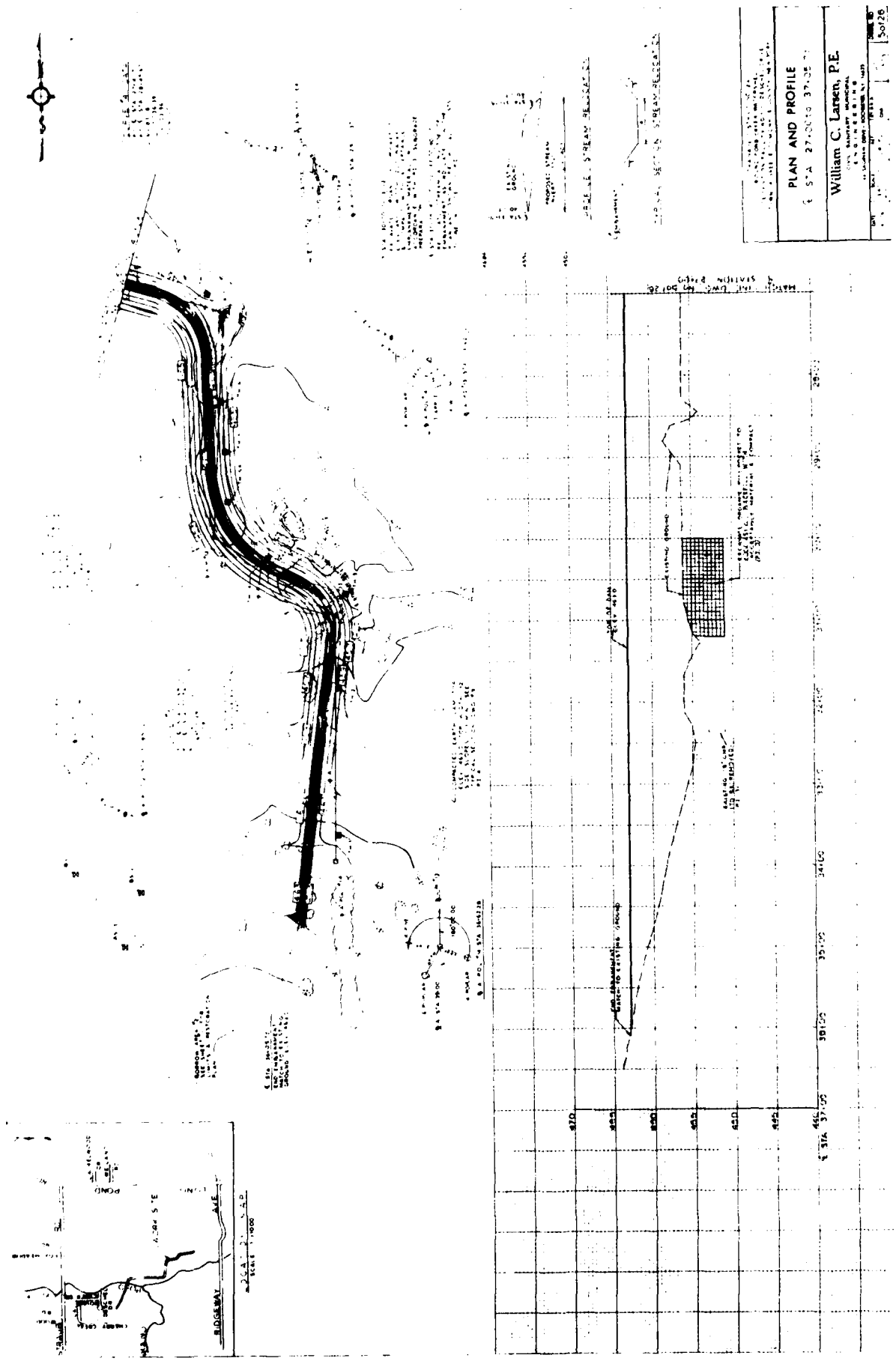
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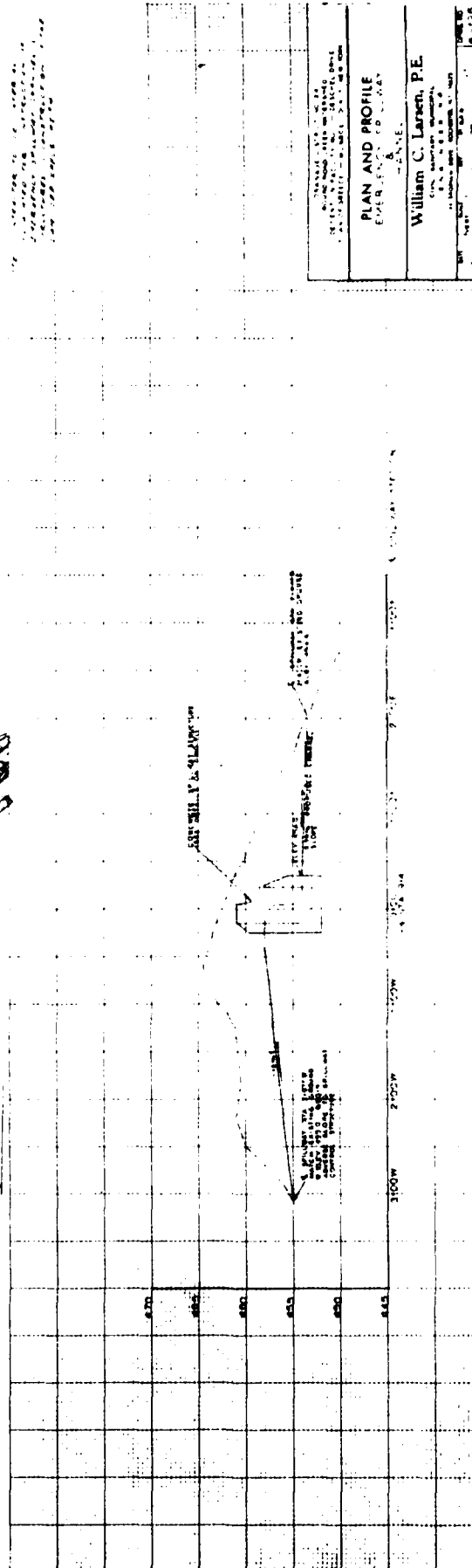
William C. Larsen, P.E.

42A-4241 W. Ontario

FIGURE 2







PROJECT NO. 1001 DRAWING NO. 1001-1 SHEET NO. 1 OF 1	PLAN AND PROFILE EVERETT, WASH.	William C. Larsen, P.E. CIVIL ENGINEER 1001 10TH AVENUE SEATTLE, WASH. 98104
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FIGURE 7

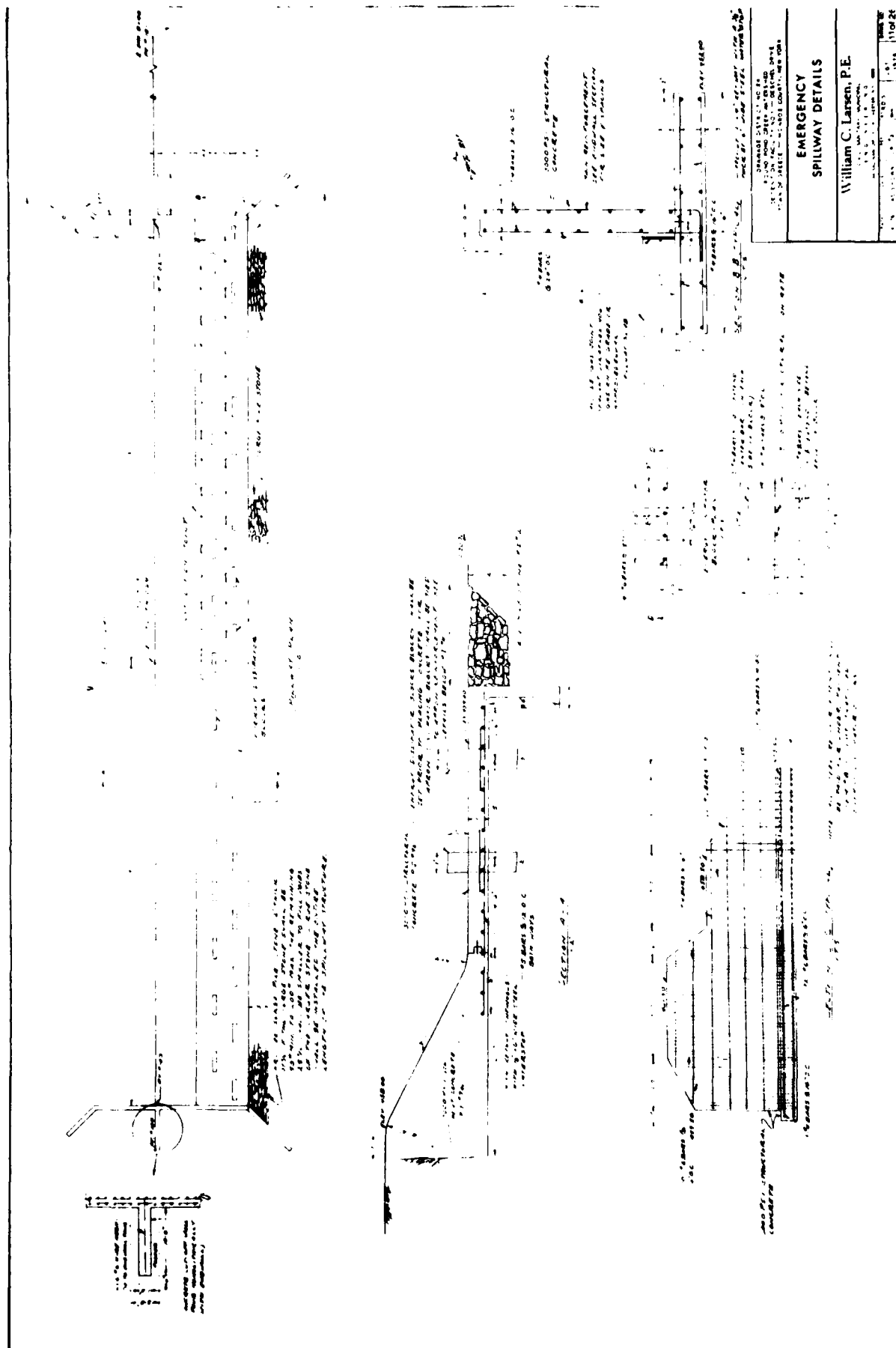
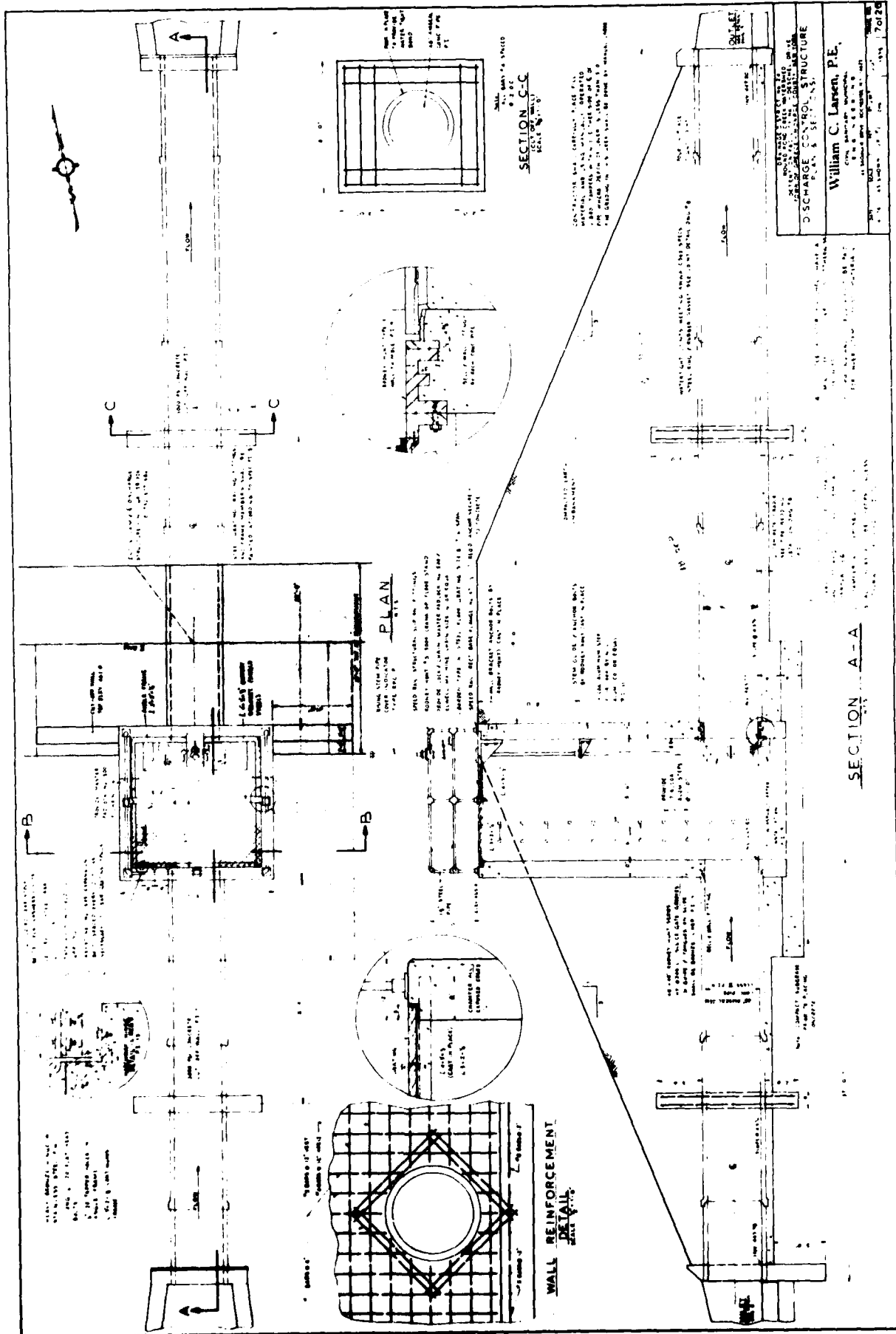


FIGURE 8



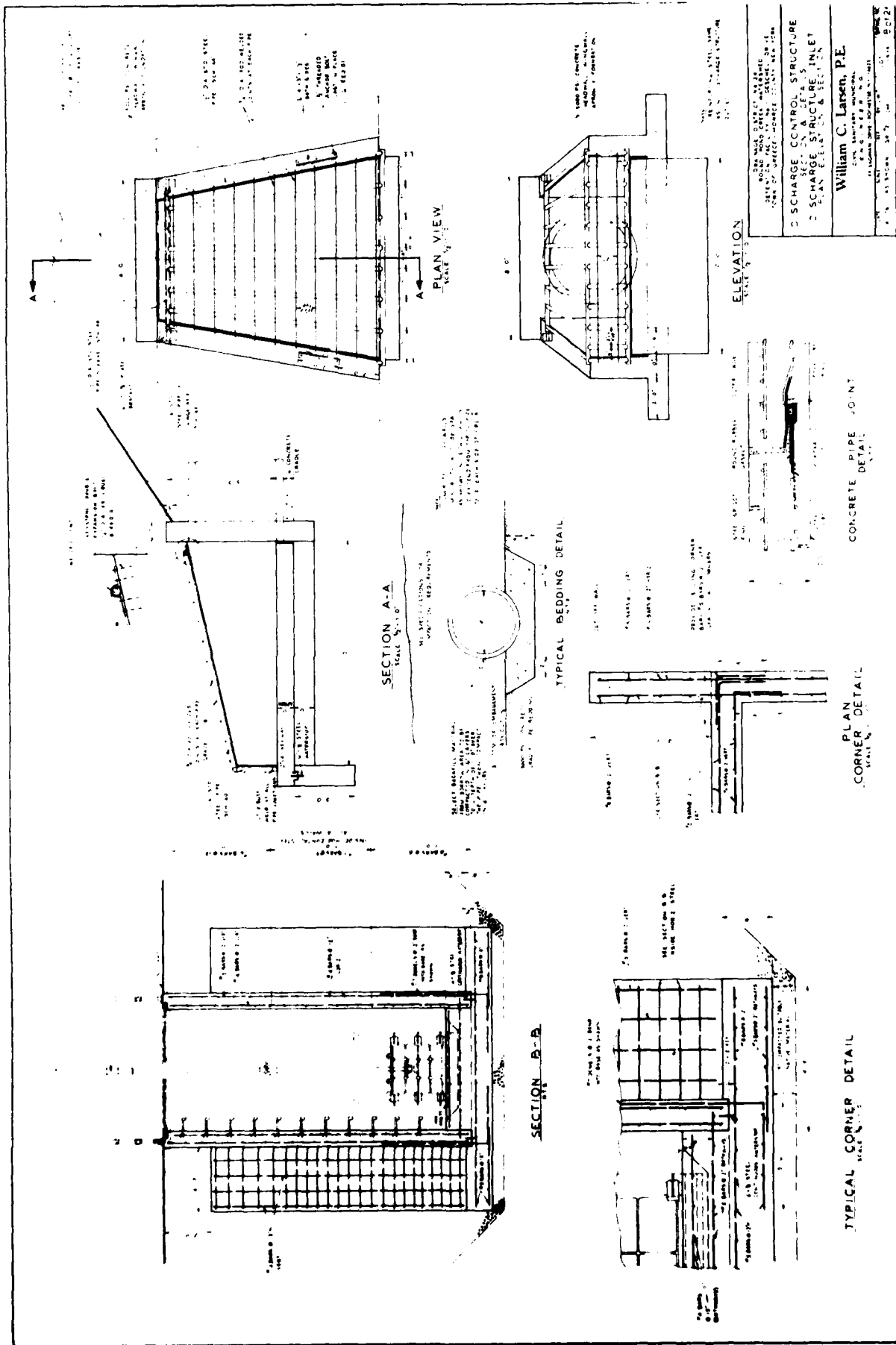


FIGURE 10

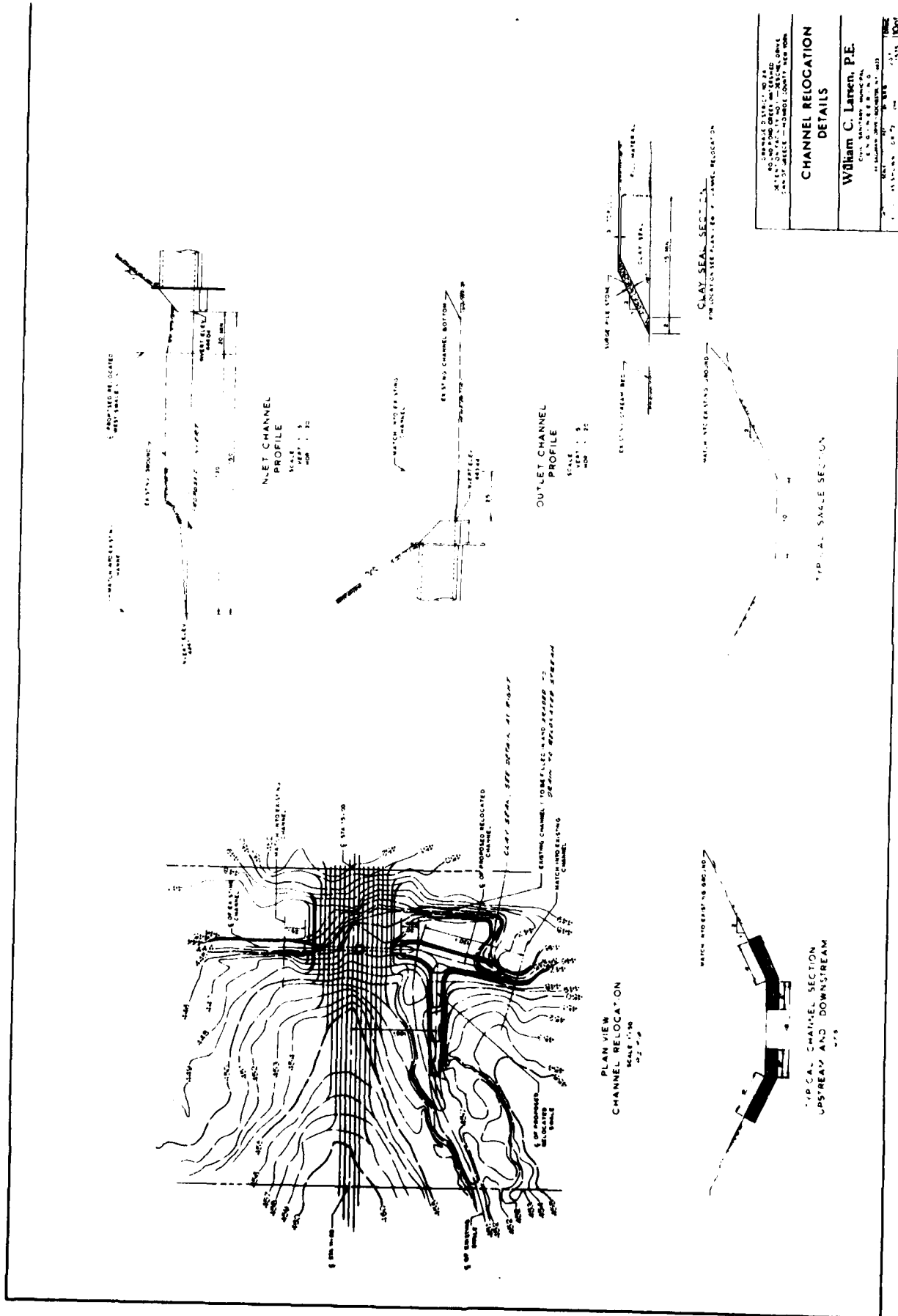


FIGURE 12

END

DATE
FILMED

11-81

DTIC